

**DEENDAYAL UPADHYAYA GORAKHPUR UNIVERSITY
GORAKHPUR**



**ORDINANCES AND REGULATIONS OF
B.A. LL.B. (Hons.): Five Year Integrated Course
Under CBCS System**

**DEPARTMENT OF LAW
DEEN DAYAL UPADHYAYA GORAKHPUR UNIVERSITY, GORAKHPUR**

Ordinances for Admission to

B.A. LL.B. (Hons.): Five Year Integrated Course

About the University:

Deen Dayal Upadhyaya Gorakhpur University, Gorakhpur, established in 1957 by an enactment of Uttar Pradesh State Legislature, in its long eventful journey has constantly striven to live up to its motto that is **"आनो भद्राः क्रतवो यन्तु विश्वतः"** (Let the noble thoughts come from all sides) by assimilating diverse ideas, people and beliefs into its academic life.

The geographical location of the University is 26.7480 degrees North (latitude), 83.3812 degrees East (longitude). The University, the first to be established in Uttar Pradesh after Independence and named after the great political thinker, Pandit Deen Dayal Upadhyaya is located in the holy city of Gorakhpur and inherits the spiritual and philosophical legacy of Buddha, Kabir and Guru Gorakhnath.

The University has neat and attractive campus spread over an area of 191.21 acres with well-planned teaching and residential campuses. In the beginning the University was housed in two buildings, the Pant Block (inaugurated by late Pt. G.B. Pant) and the Majithia Block (named after Sir Surendra Singh Majithia, who made a significant donation to the building through his family trust). Several other buildings came up during the following decades: they include the Central Library, the Arts Block, the Administrative Block, the Law Faculty Building, a Student's Union Building, a Gymnasium hall, a Health Centre, a Computer Centre and Research Buildings for Chemistry, Zoology and Botany. Besides, there are separate Buildings for Biotechnology, Defence and Strategic Studies, Electronics, Commerce, Business Management, Education, Home Science, Geography, Psychology, Sociology, Hindi, Ancient History, Fine Arts and Music, Political Science and Adult Education. At present the University houses 06 faculties comprising of 29 departments that have been playing a significant role in imparting holistic education to the people of the Eastern region since its inception.

In the residential zone, the University has more than 125 quarters for teachers and officials of the University and about the same number of the non-teaching staff. There are several hostels - four boys' hostel, two girls' hostel and one International Students Hostel - which have facilities of mess, reading-cum-TV room, games, etc. The students living in the city are attached to the Delegacy which looks after their academic interests and provides facilities in extra-curricular activities.

As a residential-cum-affiliating State University it can boast of a rich academic legacy, illustrious alumni, experienced, qualified and dedicated faculty members, transparent, effective and responsive administrative set up, state-of-the art library, Wi-Fi campus, ample career growth opportunities for its students, advanced research facilities and a vibrant and safe campus.

With its cherished goal of nourishing creative talent and scientific temper among its students and sensitizing them to larger socio-economic and political realities, the University aspires to contribute meaningfully to regional and national development.

Admission Ordinance:

1. Preamble:

WHEREAS the Bar Council of India has issued mandatory direction to run Five Year Integrated Course leading to B. A. LL.B. (Hons.) degree; and

WHEREAS it is the demand of the time and region,

THE Ordinances and Regulations pertaining to the same are being drafted and approved/passed by relevant bodies/authorities as under:

2. General Introduction

Under the powers conferred by the U.P. State Universities Act, 1973 the Deen Dayal Upadhyaya Gorakhpur University, Gorakhpur hereby proposes to start the ten semester programme for the B.A. LL.B. (Hons.): Five Year Integrated Course in CBCS and makes the following Ordinances governing admission, course of study, examinations and other matters relating to this programme under the Department of Law of the University.

The course of B.A. LL.B. (Hons.): Five Year Integrated Course shall be a self-financed course of the University for 150 (one hundred and fifty) seats, run by the Faculty of Law. This shall be a full time course and no other degree or diploma course can be pursued along with it.

3. Name of the Course:

B.A. LL.B. (Hons.): Five Year Integrated Course

(Course Duration: 10 Semesters)

(Total Credits: 238)

4. Faculty:

Faculty of Law

5. Management of the Course

(1) The B.A. LL.B. (HONS.): Five Year Integrated Course shall be a self-financed course of the D.D.U. Gorakhpur University, Gorakhpur run by the Faculty of Law and its affiliated colleges.

Rules Regarding the Management of the Course (For Main Campus)

(2) The course in main campus shall be run by a Board comprising:

- (i) The Vice-Chancellor ----- Chairman
- (ii) Dean, Faculty of Law ----- Member
- (iii) Head, Department of Law ----- Member
- (iv) Coordinator of the B.A. LL.B. (HONS.) ----- Member Secretary
Five Year Integrated Course
- (v) The Registrar ----- Member
- (vi) Finance Officer ----- Financial Advisor

(3) The Coordinator of the course shall be appointed by the Vice-Chancellor on the joint recommendation of the Dean, Faculty of Law and Head, Dept. of Law for a period of three years, who shall be responsible for running the course as per the ordinances.

(4) The Board shall constitute a Fund known as “B.A. LL.B. (HONS.): Five Year Integrated Course Fund” (hereinafter called the ‘Fund’) to be administered and operated jointly by the Coordinator and the Finance Officer of the University. All Receipts, Grants-in-aid, Donations, Fees charged by whatever name and surplus of the Entrance Test shall form part of this Fund.

(5) The Board shall finalize the budget every year before the start of the academic session for making expenditures under specified heads.

(6) At the end of every academic session the remainder of the fund shall constitute the corpus which shall be utilized for improving the infrastructural facilities and the academic pursuits related to this course.

(7) The members of the Faculty, the Administrative and the Supporting staff engaged for the conduct of the course shall be paid out of the B.A. LL.B. (HONS.): Five Year Integrated Course Fund.

(8) The accounts of the Fund shall be audited every year within three months of the closing of the academic session and the Audit Report shall be presented in the next meeting of the Board.

(9) Following powers shall be exercised by the Board in relation to this course:

- (i) to maintain the general supervision over conduct of this course.
- (ii) to suggest measures for academic excellence in the course.
- (iii) to ensure expenditure from the ‘Fund’ as per the approved budget.
- (iv) to suggest measures for creating employment opportunities for the students of this course.

- (v) to make regulations not inconsistent with the ordinances pertaining to this course.
- (vi) to take decisions with respect to this course which are not inconsistent with the provisions of the ordinances and the directions of the Bar Council of India issued from time to time.
- (vii) to determine the modality for procuring qualified teachers and administrative/supporting staff to run the course.
- (viii) to take any other decisions for the removal of the difficulties in proper running of the course.
- (ix) to delegate its powers to a committee constituted by it or to any member of the Board.

6. Admission to the Course

(1) Notwithstanding any contrary provision in force at the commencement of these Ordinances, admission to B.A. LL.B. (HONS.): Five Year Integrated Course shall be made through the Law Faculty Admission Test, hereinafter in these Ordinances called the 'Admission Test'.

(2)

(a) The Admission Test as well as admissions shall be organized and conducted under the supervision and control of the Law Faculty Admission Test Committee, hereinafter in these Ordinances called the Law Faculty Admission Test Committee (LFATC). The Committee shall consist of:

- (i) The Vice-Chancellor, who shall be the Chairman thereof,
- (ii) The Dean, Faculty of Law,
- (iii) The Head, Department of Law,
- (iv) The Coordinator B.A. LL.B. (HONS.): Five Year Integrated Course,
- (v) The Registrar, or his nominee, who shall be Secretary thereof.

(b) Subject to the provisions of these Ordinances and the Regulations made there under, the decision of the LFATC shall be final in all matters pertaining to the Admission Test and admission to B.A. LL.B. (HONS.): Five Year Integrated Course.

(c) The Law Faculty Admission Test Fund to which all revenues from Admission Test/Registration fees, Application Fees, all other fees, by whatever name called, charged in connection with the Admission Test and the admission process and grants-in-aid from any source made available in this regard, shall be credited and from which all expenditures on the organization and conduct of the Admission Test and the process of admissions shall be made. The Law Faculty Admission Test Fund shall be jointly operated by the Coordinator and the Finance Officer of the University. The surplus of this fund, if any, shall be transferred to the B.A. LL.B. (HONS.): Five Year Integrated Course Fund.

(3) Subject to the provisions of these Ordinances and the Regulations made there under, the LFATC shall have the following functions, namely –

- (a) to approve the format of the Application Form to be submitted by the candidates as well as the Admission Test / Registration Fees, and the manner of payment of the said fees.
- (b) to determine the dates for the Admission Test and the processes precedent and subsequent thereto, including the process of admissions and matters relating to the issuance of notifications in this regard.
- (c) to approve the application/registration procedure for the Admission Test and for admissions.
- (d) to lay down the guidelines for decisions on all confidential matters relating to the Admission Test, including the setting of Question-Papers, the appointment of items-framers/questions setters, moderators, editors and evaluators, the format of the Answer-booklets, the evaluation of Answer-booklets and the tabulation to the marks scored therein, and the engagement of any external agency for any purpose relating to the Admission Test and the processes precedent and subsequent thereto.
- (e) Subject to the approval of the Finance Committee of the University, to approve and revise from time to time the rates of the remuneration, honorarium, allowances, and charges payable for any work relating to the Admission Test and processes precedent and subsequent thereto, including the process of admissions to the courses of study concerned.
- (f) to regulate and determine such other matters concerning the Admission Test and the processes precedent and subsequent thereto, including the process of admissions, as need to be provided for but are not so provided by these Ordinances or Regulations made there under by the Academic Council.

(4) Subject to the guidelines issued by BCI, a person shall be eligible for being a candidate for admission in B.A. LL.B. (HONS.): Five Year Integrated Course, only if he has passed one of the following examinations or recognized equivalent examinations thereto:

- (i) 10+2 examination conducted by the U.P. Board or CBSE or the I.S.C. Board.
- (ii) Any other equivalent examination recognized by D.D.U. Gorakhpur University, Gorakhpur.

and

- (a) has secured not less than 45% of the total marks in the case of General and OBC candidates and not less than 40% of the total marks in the case of S.C. and S.T. candidates at such examination; and
- (b) the candidate is not more than the age prescribed by the Bar Council of India from time to time.

(5) The candidate shall appear in the Admission Test and shall be required to score not less than the qualifying marks, as prescribed by the LFTAC, from time to time, in order to be eligible to be considered for admission.

Provided that a candidate who is –

- (i) a foreign national, or
- (ii) a Non-Resident Indian (i.e. a citizen of India domiciled abroad) who has passed his qualifying examination from the country of his domicile shall not be required to appear in the Admission Test and shall be considered for admission in accordance with the other provisions of these Ordinances and the Regulations made there under.

The ‘**Admission Test Paper**’ shall cover the following areas:

- (a) Language Comprehension;
- (b) General Awareness and Current Affairs;
- (c) Reasoning and Mental Ability; and
- (d) Legal Aptitude.

(6) Candidates shall be admitted to B.A. LL.B. (HONS.): Five Year Integrated Course up to the limit of the seats made available by the University and the Bar Council of India, strictly on the basis of merit based on the Admission Test, subject to the application of preferences, restrictions, special considerations and reservation norms.

(7)

- (a) The University reserves the right to refuse admission to any candidate without assigning reasons and to make changes from time to time in the rules and procedure governing the Admission Test and admissions.
- (b) The admission and enrolment in the B.A. LL.B. (HONS.): Five Year Integrated Course of a candidate in contravention of these Ordinances or the Regulations made there under, or of any other provision in force in the University, shall stand cancelled with retrospective effect at whatever stage such contravention is found.
- (c) A candidate who has made any false statement in the specified Application Form for appearing in the Admission Test and/or for admission, or has omitted, concealed or misrepresented any relevant fact therein, or has appended any false or forged document therewith, shall forfeit the claim to be considered for admission and shall be subject to the provisions of clause (b)

8. The Course of Study shall be spread over Five Academic Sessions and each Academic Session shall comprise of two semesters (i.e., B.A. LL.B. 1st year shall comprise of 1st and 2nd semester; B.A. LL.B. 2nd year shall comprise of 3rd and 4th semester; B.A. LL.B. 3rd year shall comprise of 5th and 6th semester; B.A. LL.B. 4th year shall comprise of 7th and 8th

semester; B.A. LL.B. 5th year shall comprise of 9th and 10th semester). The Semester-wise course structure will be such as given in the **SCHEDULE** to these Ordinances.

9. The student shall be required to put in the minimum prescribed attendance in lectures (including practicals) in each subject/paper.

10. Generally, English shall be the medium of instruction and examination for the Course.

11. There shall be no lateral entry on the plea of graduation in any subject or exit by way of awarding a degree splitting the integrated double degree course at any intermediary stage of integrated double degree course.

7. Reservation And Weightage

- (a) The reservation policy as prescribed by the State Government and the University regarding admission from time to time shall be adhered to in the admission to the course.
- (b) Rules regarding weightage as prescribed by the University for Admission to various courses shall be followed for the present course also.
- (c) There will be no deduction in the marks obtained by the candidates in the Admission Test on account of gap, if any, in the studies of the candidates concerned.

8. Eligibility/Admission Qualification:

Subject to the guidelines issued by BCI, a person shall be eligible for being a candidate for admission in B.A. LL.B. (HONS.): Five Year Integrated Course, only if he has passed one of the following examinations or recognized equivalent examinations thereto:

- (1) 10+2 examination conducted by the U.P. Board or CBSE or the I.S.C. Board.
- (2) Any other equivalent examination recognized by D.D.U. Gorakhpur University, Gorakhpur.

and

- (a) has secured not less than 45% of the total marks in the case of General and OBC candidates and not less than 40% of the total marks in the case of S.C. and S.T. candidates at such examination; and
- (b) the candidate is not more than the age prescribed by the Bar Council of India from time to time.

The candidate shall appear in the Admission Test and shall be required to score not less than the qualifying marks, as prescribed by the LFTAC, from time to time, in order to be eligible to be considered for admission.

Provided that a candidate who is –

- (i) a foreign national, or
- (ii) a Non-Resident Indian (i.e. a citizen of India domiciled abroad) who has passed his qualifying examination from the country of his domicile shall not be required to appear in

the Admission Test and shall be considered for admission in accordance with the other provisions of these Ordinances and the Regulations made there under.

A candidate, who is appearing in the final examination of Class 12, may also apply for this programme. However, he/she must produce his/her mark-sheet of Class 12 at the time of admission.

9. Admissions Procedure:

In addition to the minimum eligibility conditions, described above, for admission to B.A.LL.B. course, the following documents would also be required, at the time of admission:

(i) Candidates selected for admission to the B.A.LL.B. course of study shall submit the following certificates:

(a) Transfer Certificate/Migration certificate from the College/University/Institute last attended indicating that he/she has passed qualifying examination from the University/Institute;

(b) Certificate of Character from the Principal of the College (or appropriate authority of the university/college) last attended.

(ii) If the Dean, Faculty of Law is satisfied that there are genuine difficulties in the production of the above certificates he/she may, at the request of the candidate, give him/her time to submit the above certificates within the time prescribed by the University. In case the candidate is unable to do so, his/her admission shall be cancelled.

10. Attendance

(a) A student is required to have at least 75% attendance which may be condoned up to 10% for specific cogent reasons.

(b) The attendance of a newly admitted candidate shall be counted from the date of his/her admission, or from the date of commencement of classes whichever is later, while in the case of promoted candidates, attendance shall be counted from the date on which respective class begins.

11. Duration of Course:

The duration of the course shall be of 5 Year (10 Semesters).

12. Admission/Course Fees:

A candidate selected for admission to the B.A. LL.B. (HONS.): Five Year Integrated Course shall be given admission to the First Semester of the Course on payment of the following fee:

- | | | |
|----|------------------|--|
| 1. | Tuition Fee | Rs. 25,000.00 Per annum |
| 2. | Admission Fee | Rs. 1,000.00 For the entire course |
| 3. | Library Fee | Rs. 2,500.00 (Out of which Rs. 1000.00 Refundable) |
| 4. | Academic Support | Rs. 4,000.00 Per annum |

Services

- | | | |
|----|-----------------|---------------------------|
| 5. | Campus Dev. Fee | Rs. 1,000.00 Per semester |
| 6. | Examination Fee | Rs. 1,500.00 Per semester |
| 7. | Annual Dues | Rs. 500.00 Per annum |

The entire annual fee amounting to Rs. 38,000.00 shall be charged at the time of admission in the First Semester of B.A. LL.B. (HONS.): Part one. Thereafter, the annual fee amounting to Rs. 34,500.00 will be submitted by the candidate each year at the time of admission in the Third, Fifth, Seventh and Ninth Semesters.

The Students who find accommodation in the hostels of the University will have to bear the hostel-charges separately as per hostel-rules.

13. Course Structure:

- a) The course shall be divided into ten semesters.
- b) Minimum requirement for the completion of the course:
Core Course (Compulsory): 214 credits
Optional Course: 24 credits
- c) **Medium of Instruction:**
English and Hindi

15. Regulation for Examinations:

After completion of each semester, the student will appear at the examination conducted by the Deen Dayal Upadhyaya Gorakhpur University, Gorakhpur as per CBCS system in semester mode.

A. Registration:

As per the University Rules and Regulations.

B. Conduct of Examination and Moderation of Results:

- i. All the ten semesters' end Examination shall be conducted by the University.
- ii. Answer sheets shall be coded before sending to the examiners and shall be decoded before tabulation of marks.
- iii. A candidate not securing the qualifying marks shall be declared as fail.
- iv. Final result of each year of B.A.LL.B. shall be published on the basis of candidate's performance in all the papers spread over the two semesters of that particular year.
- v. The final result will be published only after the candidate has cleared all the papers securing minimum qualifying marks as approved in the regulations.
- vi. A candidate who has completed the course but has failed to appear at the examination may again be allowed to appear in the next examination on payment of prescribed examination fees without further attending the lecture.

C. Result Improvement:

A student may re-appear in maximum of two theory papers in the immediate succeeding examination of that semester to improve his result. The better of two scores shall be considered for the preparation of the result.

D. Course of the Study:

The approved course of study by the academic council will be reviewed from time to time by the board of studies and implemented after the approval of Academic Council

E. Credit System:

The Credit System as adopted in other faculties of the University as per UGC guidelines will be adopted.

SEMESTER WISE COURSE DISTRIBUTION

B.A.LL.B.

SEMESTER I

| Course Code | Courses | Credit |
|--------------------|---|------------------|
| Core course | | |
| BAL- 701 | History –I (Indian History) | 3+1 |
| BAL- 702 | Political Science – I | 3+1 |
| BAL- 703 | Sociology – I (Introduction to Sociology) | 3+1 |
| BAL- 704 | Economics-I (Microeconomic Analysis) | 3+1 |
| BAL- 705 | Law of Contract - I | 3+1 |
| BAL- 706 | English – I | 3+1 |
| | | 24 Credit |

SEMESTER II

| Couse Code | Courses | Credit |
|--------------------|---|------------------|
| Core course | | |
| BAL- 707 | History-II (History of Modern Europe: 1740 -1947) | 3+1 |
| BAL- 708 | Political Science – II | 3+1 |
| BAL- 709 | Sociology-II (Indian Society) | 3+1 |
| BAL- 710 | Economics-II (Macroeconomic Analysis) | 3+1 |
| BAL- 711 | Law of Contract – II | 3+1 |
| BAL- 712 | English – II | 3+1 |
| | | 24 Credit |

SEMESTER III

| Course Code | Courses | Credit |
|--------------------|-----------------------------|------------------|
| Core course | | |
| BAL- 713 | Law & Legal Method | 3+1 |
| BAL- 714 | Family Law-I (Hindu Law) | 3+1 |
| BAL- 715 | Constitutional Law – I | 3+1 |
| BAL- 716 | Law of Crimes – I | 3+1 |
| BAL- 717 | History-III (Legal History) | 3+1 |
| BAL- 718 | Political Science – III | 3+1 |
| | | 24 Credit |

SEMESTER IV

| Couse Code | Courses | Credit |
|--------------------|---|------------------|
| Core course | | |
| BAL- 719 | Law of Torts and Consumer Protection | 3+1 |
| BAL- 720 | Family Law-II (Muslim Law) | 3+1 |
| BAL- 721 | Constitutional Law – II | 3+1 |
| BAL- 722 | Law of Crimes– II | 3+1 |
| BAL- 723 | Economics-III (Economic Development and Policy) | 3+1 |
| BAL- 724 | Sociology - III (Law and Society) | 3+1 |
| | | 24 Credit |

SEMESTER V

| Course Code | Courses | Credit |
|--------------------|--------------------------------|------------------|
| Core course | | |
| BAL- 725 | Business Law | 3+1 |
| BAL- 726 | Administrative Law | 3+1 |
| BAL- 727 | Jurisprudence - I | 3+1 |
| BAL- 728 | Human Rights Law | 3+1 |
| BAL- 729 | Code of Civil Procedure – I | 3+1 |
| BAL- 730 | Code of Criminal Procedure – I | 3+1 |
| | | 24 Credit |

SEMESTER VI

| Couse Code | Courses | Credit |
|--------------------|---------------------------------|------------------|
| Core course | | |
| BAL- 731 | Corporate Law | 3+1 |
| BAL- 732 | Law of Evidence | 3+1 |
| BAL- 733 | Jurisprudence - II | 3+1 |
| BAL- 734 | Public International Law | 3+1 |
| BAL- 735 | Code of Civil Procedure – II | 3+1 |
| BAL- 736 | Code of Criminal Procedure – II | 3+1 |
| | | 24 Credit |

SEMESTER VII

| Course Code | Courses | Credit |
|--------------------|--|------------------|
| Core course | | |
| BAL- 737 | Land Laws - I | 3+1 |
| BAL- 738 | Property Law | 3+1 |
| BAL- 739 | Environmental Law | 3+1 |
| BAL- 740 | Labour Law - I | 3+1 |
| BAL- 741 | Tax Law | 3+1 |
| BAL- 742 | Professional Ethics & Professional Accounting System | 3+1 |
| | | 24 Credit |

SEMESTER VIII

| Couse Code | Courses | Credit |
|--------------------|---|------------------|
| Core course | | |
| BAL- 743 | Land Laws -II | 3+1 |
| BAL- 744 | Investment and Competition Laws | 3+1 |
| BAL- 745 | Intellectual Property Rights | 3+1 |
| BAL- 746 | Labour Law-II | 3+1 |
| BAL- 747 | Interpretation of Statutes | 3+1 |
| BAL- 748 | PROJECT – I (Research Paper/Case Comment) | 2 |
| | | 22 Credit |

SEMESTER XI

| Course Code | Courses | Credit |
|------------------------------------|---|------------------|
| Core course | | |
| BAL- 749 | Law and Technology | 3+1 |
| BAL- 750 | Women and Law | 3+1 |
| BAL- 751 | Moot Court Exercise and Internship | 3+1 |
| Optional (choose any three) | | |
| BAL- 752 | International Humanitarian Law | 3+1 |
| BAL- 753 | Criminology | 3+1 |
| BAL- 754 | Banking and Insurance Law | 3+1 |
| BAL- 755 | Public Interest Lawyering And Para Legal Services | 3+1 |
| BAL- 756 | Fundamentals of Cyber Law | 3+1 |
| | | 24 Credit |

SEMESTER X

| Couse Code | Courses | Credit |
|------------------------------------|------------------------------------|------------------|
| Core course | | |
| BAL- 757 | Alternative Dispute Resolution | 3+1 |
| BAL- 758 | PROJECT – II (Dissertation) | 4 |
| BAL- 759 | Drafting, Pleading and Conveyance | 3+1 |
| Optional (choose any three) | | |
| BAL- 760 | International Refugee Law | 3+1 |
| BAL- 761 | Socio-Economic Offences | 3+1 |
| BAL- 762 | Law of International Organizations | 3+1 |
| BAL- 763 | Legal Writing | 3+1 |
| BAL- 764 | Health Law | 3+1 |
| | | 24 Credit |

SCHEDULE

1st SEMESTER

Paper- 1

History –I (Indian History)

Unit –I: Ancient India

- a. History – Meaning of History, Sources of History
- b. Relationship between Law and History
- c. Kingship and Nature of State in Ancient India
- d. Social Institutions in Ancient India
- e. Judicial System in Ancient India

Unit – II: Medieval India

- a. Establishment of Muslim Rule in India
- b. Turkish Dynasty: Khilji, Tughlaq, Sayyad
- c. Afghan Dynasty: Bahlol, Sikander, Ibrahim, Sher Shah Suri
- d. Mughal Dynasty (1526-1707) : Babur, Humayun, Akbar, Jehangir, Shahjahan, Aurangzeb
- e. Polity, State and Administration in Medieval India

Unit – III: History of Modern India

- a. Advent of Europeans in India: Portuguese, Dutch, French and British
- b. Battle of Plassey and Buxar
- c. Rule of British East India Company in India
- d. Introduction of New Social, Political and Educational Institutions in India

Unit – VI: Freedom Struggle of India

- a. Great Revolt of 1857
- b. End of Company's Rule
- c. Formation of Congress and Initial Policies of Congress
- d. Movements led by Congress:
 - i. Non Cooperation
 - ii. Civil Disobedience
 - iii. Quit India Movement

Text Books:

- 1. H.V. Sreenivasamurthy – History (for Law Students)
- 2. Habib & Nizami – Comprehensive History of India, Vol. V and VI

Paper- 2

Political Science – I

Unit – I: Introduction and Theories

- a. Introduction
 - i. What is Political Science- Definition, Aims and Scope
 - ii. Relationship between Political Science and Law
- b. Concept of State and its elements
- c. Theories of State
 - i. Divine and Force theory
 - ii. Idealist theory
 - iii. Theory of Social Contract
 - iv. Evolutionary Theory

Unit – II: Functional Theory of State

- a. Liberalism
- b. Individualistic Theory
- c. Theory of Anarchism
- d. Theory of Marxism

Unit – III: Socialism, Marxism and Integrated Humanism

- a. Socialism
 - i. Socialism- Meaning and Features
 - ii. Schools of Socialism
 - Fabianism
 - Syndicalism
 - Guild socialism
- b. Marxism
 - i. Concept of Marxism
 - ii. Historical and dialectical materialism
 - iii. Concept of class and class struggle
 - iv. Merits and demerits of Marxism
- c. Integrated Humanism
 - i. Concept of Integrated Humanism
 - ii. Impact in India

Unit – IV: Sovereignty, Rights and Duties

- a. Sovereignty, Rights and Duties

b. Theories of Punishment

Text Books:

1. Eddy Asirvatham & K.K. Misra, Political Theory, S. Chand & Company Ltd., Delhi
2. A.C. Kapur, Principles of Political Science, S.Chand & Company Ltd., Delhi
3. Pt. Deen Dayal Upadhyay: Integrated Humanism
4. S. R. Myneni: Principles of Political Science

Paper- 3

Sociology – I (Introduction to Sociology)

Unit I : Introduction

- a. Emergence of Sociology as a Scientific Discipline, its Meaning, Nature and Scope
- b. Relation with Other Social Sciences- History, Anthropology and Psychology
- c. Important Theoretical Approaches- Evolutionism, Functionalism, Conflict Theory, Inter-Actionist Theory

Unit II: Contributions of Eminent Sociologists

- a. Auguste Comte
- b. Herbert Spencer
- c. Emile Durkheim
- d. Karl Marx
- e. Max Weber

Unit III: Basic Concepts

- a. Society
- b. Community
- c. Association
- d. Social groups
- e. Status and role

Unit IV: Research Methods

- a. Nature of Social Phenomenon and Scientific Method.
- b. Social Research: Concept, Nature & Types of Social Research, Importance of Social Research.
- c. Research Design: Meaning, Types and Importance.
- d. Hypothesis: Meaning, Sources, Types, Merit and demerits.

- e. Data Collection: (i) Sources of Data (ii) Sampling (iii) Techniques: Observation, Questionnaire, Schedule, Interview and Case Study.

Suggested Readings:

1. Harlambos, M. Sociology: Themes and Perspectives; Oxford University Press, 1980
2. Bottomore, T.B. Sociology: A Guide to Problems and Literature; Blackie and Sons India Ltd; 1971
3. Horton. P.B. and C.L. Hunt Sociology; McGraw- Hill book Company, Singapore, 1984.
4. Giddens, A. Sociology; Polity Press, UK; 1993
5. Rao, Shankar, C.N.: Sociology: Principles of Sociology with an Introduction to Sociological Thought, S.Chand Publication, 2019
6. Bhusan, V and Sachdeva, D.R.: An Introduction to Sociology; Kitab Mahal, 2020.
7. Kothari, C.R.: Research Methodology: Methods and Techniques; New Age International Publishers; 2019.
8. Goode, W.J. and Hatt, P.K.: Methods in Social Research; Asia Law House; 2017.

Paper- 4

Economics-I (Microeconomics)

Unit - I: Introduction

- a. Definition, Nature and Scope of Economics
- b. Classification – Micro economics and Macro economics, Positive and Normative Economics, Static and Dynamic analysis, Partial and General Analysis
- c. Economic System - Market economy, Command economy and Mixed economy
- d. Relation between Economics and Law.

Unit - II: Consumption

- a. Concept of Demand, Demand function, Law of Demand.
- b. Elasticity of demand
- c. Consumer's Surplus
- d. Indifference Curves Analysis.

Unit - III: Production and Market

- a. Concepts of Production, Costs, Revenues, Time element (Short run, Long run)
- b. Production function: Concepts, Short Run Production Function, Long Run Production Function *Isoquants*.

- c. Concepts and Classification of Market and Market equilibrium.
- d. Perfect Competition, Monopoly and Monopolistic Competition.

Unit - IV: Distribution

- a. Theories of Distribution
- b. Theories of Rent
- c. Theories of Wages
- d. Theories of interest and profit

Text Books:

- 1. Gould and Lazear Micro Economic Theory; AITBS; 1989
- 2. Lipsey Introduction to Positive Economics; ELBS
- 3. Samuelson Economics

Paper- 5

Law of Contract – I

Unit I: Formation of Contract

- a. Meaning, definition and nature of contract
- b. Proposal / Offer
 - Definition & Kinds
 - Communication
 - Revocation
 - General & Specific offer
 - Invitation to offer
 - Termination of offer
- c. Acceptance
 - Definition
 - Communication
 - Revocation
- d. Standard form contracts

Unit II: Consideration and Capacity

- a. Consideration
 - Definition
 - Essentials
 - Exceptions
 - Privity of consideration & contract

- b. Capacity to contract
 - Minor's position
 - Nature / effect of minor's agreements
 - Persons of unsound mind, insolvent & others

Unit III: Free Consent & Void agreements etc.

- a. Free Consent
 - Coercion, undue influence, Misrepresentation, Fraud & Mistake
- c. Unlawful consideration and object
- d. Void agreements & contingent contracts
- e. Effect of void & voidable agreements / contracts

Unit IV: Discharge, Performance, Quasi Contracts and Remedies

- a. Discharge of Contracts
- b. Breach & Performance
 - Breach - Anticipatory & Present
 - Time and Place of performance
 - Impossibility of performance: Indian & English position
 - Performance under the Specific Relief Act, 1963
- c. Quasi Contracts
- d. Remedies
 - i. Under the Indian Contract Act
 - ii. Under the Specific Relief Act
 - iii. *Quantum Meruit*

Act:

1. Indian Contract Act, 1872
2. Specific Relief Act, 1963

Recommended Books:

1. V.G. Ramchandran - Law of Contract (Publisher – State Mutual Book & Periodical Service Ltd, 1989)
2. Anson's Law of Contract (Publisher – Oxford Press 30th Edition)
3. Pollock & Mulla – The Indian Contract and Specific Relief (Publisher – Lexis Nexis 15th Edition)
4. Avtar Singh – Law of Contract and Specific Relief (Publisher – Eastern Book Company 12th Edition)

5. R. C. Srivastava: The Principles of Law of Contract (Publisher – Bloomsbury India, 2018)

Paper- 6

ENGLISH – I

UNIT – I

Basics of English: Parts of Speech, Phrase, Clause, Sentence, Articles, Concord/Agreement

UNIT – II

Vocabulary Building- Homophones, Synonyms, Antonyms, Morphology: Prefixes and Suffixes

UNIT – III

Writing Effective Sentences, Sentence Correction; Paragraph Development: Components, Techniques and Methods - Inductive, Deductive, Spatial, Chronological etc.

UNIT – IV

Value- Based Text Reading:

Following essays from the suggested text book with emphasis on Mechanics of writing:

- (i) Science and Survival by Barry Commoner
- (ii) Man and Nature by J.Bronowski
- (iii) Of Studies by Francis Bacon
- (iv) The Mother of the Sciences by A.J.Bahm

Recommended Readings:

1. V.N.Arora and Laxmi Chandra: Improve your Writing, Oxford University Press, 1981
2. R.C. Sharma and Krishna Mohan: Business Correspondence and Report Writing, McGraw Hill Education (India) Pvt. Ltd. Chennai, 5th ed., 2016
3. Terry'O Brien : Common Errors , Rupa Publications India Pvt. Ltd., 2012
4. Norman Lewis: Word Power Made Easy, Penguin Books India, 2015.
5. David Bolton and Noel Goody: English Grammar in Steps:Practice Book , Orient BlackSwan ,2008.

2nd SEMESTER

Paper- 7

History-II (History of Modern Europe: 1740 -1947)

UNIT – I: Europe in 18th Century

- a. Industrial Revolution in Europe
- b. The French Revolution: Ancient Regime, Main Events
- c. Rise of Polity Politics in France, Girondins and Jacobins
- d. National Assembly, Constituent Assembly, National Conventions, Directory, Counsel Rule.

UNIT - II: Europe in 19th Century

- a. Vienna Congress and the Concert of Europe
- b. Age of Metternich
- c. Revolution of 1830
- d. Revolution of 1848, Third Republic

UNIT - III: Rise of Nationalism in Europe

- a. The Unification of Italy
- b. The Unification of Germany
- c. Eastern Question
- d. Rise of Russia: Peter-I, Catherine-II, Warm Water Policy

UNIT - IV: Europe in 20th Century

- a. Russian Revolution
- b. First World War
- c. League of Nations
- d. Second World War
- e. Humanitarian Concerns and United Nations

Text Books:

- 1. Joll, James, Europe since 1815
- 2. Ketelby, C.D.M., A History of Modern Times from 1789
- 3. Thomson, David, Europe since Napoleon

Paper- 8

Political Science – II

Unit – I Political Thinkers

- a. Plato, Aristotle

b. Bentham, Jean Bodin, John Austin, Montesquieu, Gandhi and Ambedkar

Unit – II Principles of Government

- a. Constitution – Features and Classification
- b. Legislature – Concept, Types and Functions
- c. Executive - Concept and Functions
- d. Judiciary- Functions, Judicial Review and Independence of Judiciary

Unit – III: Unitary and Federal Form of Government

- a. Unitary Form of Government – Features, Merits and Demerits
- b. Federal Form of Government – Features, Merits and Demerits
- c. Quasi Federal Government, Cooperative Federalism

Unit – IV: Parliamentary and Presidential Form of Government

- a. Parliamentary Form - Features, Merits and Demerits
- b. Presidential Form- Features, Merits and Demerits
- c. Other Forms: One Party Democracy and Military Rule

Text Books:

- 1. Eddy Asirvatham & K.K. Misra - 'Political Theory'; S.Chand & Company Ltd., Delhi
- 2. A.C. Kapur - 'Principles of Political Science'; S.Chand & Company Ltd., Delhi

Paper- 9

Sociology-II (Indian Society)

Unit I : Features of Indian Society

- 1. Introduction to the Indian Society and Culture: Tradition, Characteristics; Unity and Diversity
- 2. Perspectives on the Study of Indian Society: Indological, Historical and Structural Functional
- 3. Traditional Bases: Varna, Ashrama, Purushartha, Dharma, Karma.
- 4. Synthesis of East and West: Impact of Islam and Christianity

Unit II : Indian Social Institutions

- a. Marriage (Hindu and Muslim) - Definition and Forms; Dowry and Divorce
- b. Family- Meaning, Nature, Origin, forms; Functions: Essential and Non-Essential
- c. Kinship- Definition and Forms; Kinship System in North and South India- Important Features

Unit III: Identity, Dignity and Social Justice in India

- a. Scheduled Caste/Tribe, Other Backward Classes
- b. Women
- c. Aged
- d. Physically Challenged
- e. Religious and Ethnic Minorities

Unit IV: Social Change in India

- a. Internal social processes of change- Sanskritization, Universalization and Parochialization
- b. External Sources- Modernization and Westernization
- c. Change initiated through State Agencies - Education, Administrative Policies, Development Processes

Text Books:

- 1. Harlambos, M. Sociology: Themes and Perspectives; Oxford University Press, 1980
- 2. Bottomore, T.B. Sociology: A Guide to Problems and Literature; Blackie and Sons India Ltd; 1971
- 3. Horton. P.b. and C.L. Hunt Sociology; McGraw- Hill book Company, Singapore, 1984.
- 4. Giddens, A. Sociology; Polity Press, UK; 1993
- 5. Rao, Shankar, C.N.: Sociology: Principles of Sociology with an Introduction to Sociological Thought, S.Chand Publication, 2019
- 6. Bhusan, V and Sachdeva, D.R.: An Introduction to Sociology; Kitab Mahal, 2020.

Paper- 10

Economics-II (Macroeconomics)

Unit – I: Introduction

- a. Concept of Macro- economics, Nature and Scope, Macro- economic policies.
- b. Circular flow of income and money
- c. National Income
- d. Theories of Employment.

Unit – II: Money and Banking

- a. Definitions and Functions of money.
- b. Theories of Inflation, Deflation and Stagflation.
- c. Commercial Banking

d. Central Banking

Unit – III: Public Finance

- a. Role of Government in organized Society
- b. Income and Expenditure of Government
- c. Taxation
- d. Deficits financing and public debt

Unit – IV: Macro- economic Problems and Policy

- a. Business cycles and contra cyclical policies
- b. Inflation and anti inflation policies
- c. Poverty and poverty eradication policies
- d. Unemployment and Employment policies.

Text Books:

1. Dwivedi, D.N. Macroeconomics; Tata Mc Graw Hill; 2005
2. Shapiro, E. Macroeconomic Analysis; Tata Mc Graw Hill; 2003
3. Seth. M.L. Money, Banking, International Trade and Public Finance

Paper- 11

Law of Contract - II

Unit I: Specific Contracts - I

- Contract of Indemnity
- Contract of Guarantee

Unit II: Specific Contracts - II

(A) Bailment

- Definition and essentials
- Rights and duties of bailor & bailee

(B) Pledge

- Definition and essentials
- Rights and duties of pawnor & pawnee

(C) Agency

- Definition
- Essentials of Agency
- Kinds of agents
- Creation of Agency

- Relation of Principal and Agent, Sub-agent and Substituted agent
- Ratification
- Termination & revocation of Agency

Unit III: Partnership

Nature & Definition of Partnership; Partnership at will; Distinction from Company and Joint Family Business; Relationship between partners; Incoming and outgoing partners; Registration of Firm; Implied Authority; Relationship with third party; Liability of partners - holding out; Modes of Retirement of Partners; Dissolution of Firm.

Unit IV: Sale of Goods

Definition, Essentials of Sale; Sale & agreement to sell; Conditions and Warranties; Implied Conditions and Warranties; *Caveat emptor*; Effect of contract, Passing of Property; *Nemo dat quod non habet*; Rights of Parties and Remedies; Performance of Contract; Rights of Unpaid Seller, Suits for Breach of Contract.

Acts:

1. Indian Contract Act, 1872
2. Indian Partnership Act, 1932
3. The Sale of Goods Act, 1930

Recommended Books:

1. V.G. Ramchandran - Law of Contract (Publisher – State Mutual Book & Periodical Service Ltd, 1989)
2. Anson's Law of Contract (Publisher – Oxford Press 30th Edition)
3. Pollock & Mulla – The Indian Contract and Specific Relief (Publisher – Lexis Nexis 15th Edition)
4. Avtar Singh – Law of Contract and Specific Relief (Publisher – Eastern Book Company 12th Edition)

Paper- 12

ENGLISH – II

UNIT I - GENERAL VOCABULARY OF ENGLISH & LEGAL TERMINOLOGY

a. General Vocabulary of English

Word and its parts; Roots; Word Formation: Affixation; Derivation; Inflexion Blending; Clipping; Conversion and Compounding.

b. Legal Terminology

Word list drawn from Legal Discourse; Characteristics of Legal English; Analysis of Style and Language of Legal Discourse.

UNIT II - PRODUCING LEGAL DISCOURSE

Writing Skills/Techniques; Applications; Job Application Letter; Complaint Letter ; Précis Writing ; Abstracting Judgments.

UNIT III - ENGLISH SPEECH SOUNDS

I.P.A. Symbols, Transcription, Syllable, Word Stress, Sentence Stress, Intonation and Rhythm.

UNIT VI - PRACTICE IN FREE SPEECH

Group Discussion; Strategies ; Presentation Strategies; Audio –Visual Aids ; Nuances of Delivery; Body Language/Kinesics; Proxemics; Time Management

Recommended Readings:

1. Bikram K. Das: Functional Grammar and Spoken and Written Communication in English , Orient BlackSwan ; 1st edition , 2006
2. Terry O'Brien: Modern writing Skills, Rupa Publisher, 2011
3. A text book of Phonetics by T. Balasubramanian

3rd SEMESTER

Paper- 13

Law & Legal Method

Unit – I: Meaning and Classification of Laws

- a. Meaning and definition
- b. Functions of law
- c. Classification of laws:
 - i. Public and Private Law
 - ii. Substantive and Procedural Law
 - iii. Municipal and International Law

Unit – II: Sources of Law

- a. Custom
- b. Precedent
- c. Legislation

Unit – III: Basic Concepts of Indian Legal System

- a. Common Law
- b. Constitution as the Basic Law

Unit – IV: Legal Writing and Research

- a. Statutes, Reports, Journals, Manuals, Digests etc.
- b. Importance of Legal Research
- c. Techniques of Legal Research
- d. Legal writings and citations

Text Books:

- 1. Glanville Williams – Learning the Law
- 2. Nomita Aggarwal – Jurisprudence (Legal Theory)
- 3. B.N.M. Tripathi – An Introduction to Jurisprudence and Legal theory

Paper- 14

Family Law - I (Hindu Law)

UNIT- I

- 1. Sources of Hindu Law
- 2. Marriages amongst Hindus (With reference to Hindu Marriage Act, 1955)
 - (i) Nature of Marriage
 - (ii) Kinds of Marriage
 - (iii) Requirements of Marriage
 - (iv) Matrimonial Remedies
 - (a) Restitution of Conjugal Rights
 - (b) Judicial Separation
 - (c) Dissolution of Marriage
 - (d) Decree of Nullity

UNIT-II

- 1. Minority and Guardianship amongst Hindus.
- 2. Adoption amongst Hindus
- 3. Maintenance amongst Hindus

UNIT-III

- Joint family:
 - (a) Coparcenary
 - (b) Alieneation
 - (c) Debts
 - (d) Partition

UNIT-IV

1. Succession: Testate and intestate succession amongst Hindus.
2. Stridhan and Women's Estate.
3. Religious and Charitable Endowments under Hindu Law.

Recommended Books:

1. Modern Hindu Law - Paras Diwan (Publisher –Allahabad Law Agency Publications, Allahabad Edition 2018)
2. Modern Hindu Law – U.P.D. Kesari (Publisher – Central Law Publications, Allahabad Edition 2018)
3. Hindu Law - R. K. Agarwal (Publisher – Central Law Agency, Allahabad Edition 2017)
4. Hindu Law – B.M. Gandhi (Publisher – Eastern Book Company, Lucknow, Edition 2016)
5. Introduction to Hindu Law – Tahir Mahmood (Publisher – Universal Law Publishing Co., New Delhi, Edition 2016)

Paper- 15

Constitutional Law – I

Unit I: Constitution

- Meaning and Nature of Constitutional Law
- Preamble and Salient features of Indian Constitution
- Rule of Law
- Separation of Powers

Unit II: Distribution of Legislative Powers between Union and States

- Legislative Powers (Procedure and Privileges)

- Federal idea: nature of Indian Polity, co-operative federalism
- Doctrine of Territorial Nexus, Doctrine of Harmonious Construction, Doctrine of Pith and Substance, Doctrine of Repugnancy

Unit III: Constitutional Organs

- Parliament: Parliamentary Sovereignty, Parliamentary Privileges, Anti-Defection Law
- Executive Power: Nature of executive in India, Relationship between President and council of ministers
- Judiciary: Organization and jurisdiction of Supreme Court and High Courts, Independence of Judiciary, Public Interest Litigation, Power of Judicial Review

Unit IV:

- Emergency Provisions, impact of emergency on Centre-State relations
- Amendment of Constitution
- Doctrine of Basic Structure
- Freedom of inter-state Trade & Commerce.

Recommended Books:

1. D.D. Basu, Shorter Constitution of India, (Publisher –Lexis Nexis 15TH Edition, 2017)
2. Kailesh Rai, Constitution of India, (Publisher –Allahabad Law Agency, Allahabad Edition, 2014)
- 3.V.N. Shukla, Constitution of India, (Publisher –Eastern Book Co.Lucknow 13th Edition, 2017)
3. M.P. Jain, Indian Constitutional Law, (Publisher –Wadhwa & Company,Nagpur,5th Edition 2003)
4. J.N. Panday, Constitution of India, (Publisher –Central Law Agency, Allahabad , 2017)

Paper- 16

Law of Crimes – I

Unit – I: Introduction to Substantive Criminal Law

- a. Extent and operation of the Indian Penal Code
- b. Definition of Crime

- c. Fundamental elements of crime
- d. Stages in commission of a crime
- e. Intention, Preparation, Attempt

Unit – II: General Explanations and Exceptions

- a. Definitions
- b. Constructive joint liability
- c. Mistake
- d. Judicial and Executive acts
- e. Accident
- f. Necessity
- g. Infancy
- h. Insanity
- i. Intoxication
- j. Consent
- k. Good faith
- l. Private defence

Unit – III: Abetment and Criminal Conspiracy

Unit – IV: Punishment

- a. Theories: Deterrent, Retributive, Preventive, Expiatory and Reformatory Theory
- b. Punishment under the IPC: Fine, Imprisonment, Capital Punishment

Text books:

- 1. Ratanlal & Dhirajlal – The Indian Penal Code
- 2. H.S. Gaur – Penal Law of India

Paper- 17

History – III (Legal History)

Unit I: Early Developments (1600- 1836)

- a. Charters of the East India Company: 1600, 1661, 1726 and 1753
- b. Courts: Mayor's Court of 1726 and Supreme Court of 1774
- c. Statutes: Regulating Act, 1773; Pitts India Act, 1784; The Act of Settlement; 1781
- d. Conflict: Raja Nanad Kumar, Kamaluddin, Patna Case, and Cossijurah
- e. Warren Hastings: Judicial Plans of 1772, 1774 and 1780
- f. Lord Cornwallis: Judicial Plans of 1787, 1790 and 1793

- g. Lord William Bentinck (With special focus on Appraisal of Criminal law)

Unit II: Evolution of Law and Legal Institutions

- a. Development of Personal Laws
- b. Development of Law in Presidency Towns
- c. Codification of Laws: Charter of 1833, The First Law Commission, the Charter of 1853, The Second Law Commission
- d. Privy Council and Federal Court: Appeals and working of Privy Council, Appraisal of Privy Council, Features of Federal Court

Unit III: Legal Profession and Education

- a. Early Developments though Major's Court, Supreme Court, Company's Adalat, High Court, Legal Practitioners Act of 1879
- b. Law Reporting: Theory of Precedents, Features of Law reporting from 1773 to 1950
- c. Legal Education: History and Basic Aims of Legal Education

Unit IV: Development of Legislature and Executive in India

- a. Government of India Act, 1919
- b. Government of India Act, 1935

Text Books:

- 1. M.P. Jain – Outlines of Indian Legal History
- 2. V.D. Kulshretha – Landmarks of Indian Legal and Constitutional History

Paper- 18

Political Science – III

UNIT - I. Power

- a. Concept
- b. Components of National Power – Population, Geography, Resources, Economic Organization, Technology and Military Force.
- c. Limitations on National Power- International Morality, Public Opinion and International Law
- d. Balance of Power

UNIT - II. United Nations

- a. UN – Six Principal Organs – General Assembly, Security Council, Economic and Social Council, Secretariat, Trusteeship Council and International Court of Justice
- b. Peaceful Settlement of Disputes- Negotiations, Mediation, Conciliation, Arbitration and Judicial Settlement.
- c. Collective Security Mechanism

UNIT - III. Diplomacy

- a. Cold War Diplomacy- Causes, Phases and Case studies – Korean Crisis, Vietnam Crisis, Cuban Crisis, Afghanistan Crisis, Gulf War-I
- b. Detente
- c. New Cold War
- d. Foreign Policy – Principles of Indian Foreign Policy, India and its Neighbours

UNIT - IV. Contemporary Global Concerns

- a. Non -State Actors –
 - (i) NGOs
 - (ii) Inter- Governmental Organizations (IGOs)- IMF, WTO, OPEC and OAU.
- b. International Terrorism – Issues of Resources, Territorial Claims, Culture and Religion.

Compulsory Readings:

1. Rumki Basu, The United Nation: Structure and Function of an International Organisation, South Asia Books, 1993.
2. Chandra Prakash and Prem Arora, International Relations, Cosmos Bookhive, 2008.
3. E. H. Carr, International Relations Between Two World 1919-1939, Macmillan, 2004.
4. Shakti and Indrani Mukherjee, International Relations, World Press Pvt. Ltd., 2001.

4th SEMESTER

Paper- 19

Law of Torts and Consumer Protection

Unit – I: Introduction and Principles of Liability in Tort-I

- a. Definition, Elements and Nature of Tort
- b. Development of Tort actions in England and India
- c. Essentials of Tort
- d. Mental Elements in Tort: Fault and No-Fault Liability

- e. Joint Tort Feasors

Unit – II: Principles of Liability-II

- a. Vicarious Liability and Liability of State for Tort
- b. General Exceptions
- c. Strict Liability and Absolute Liability
- d. Remoteness of Damage

Unit – III: Specific Torts - I

- a. Negligence and Nervous Shock
- b. Nuisance
- c. Trespass
- d. Assault and battery

Unit - IV: Specific Torts – II & Consumer Protection

- a. Defamation
- b. False imprisonment
- c. malicious prosecution
- d. **The Consumer Protection Act, 1986**
 - i. Definitions of Consumer, Goods and Services
 - ii. Rights and Duties of Consumer
 - iii. Consumer Disputes Redressal Agencies
 - iv. Remedies

Recommended Books:

1. Tort: Winfield and Jolowicz (Publisher – Sweet & Maxwell 19th Edition, 2016)
2. The Law of Torts: Ratanlal & Dhirajlal (Publisher –Badhwa & Co. Nagpur 23rd Edition, 2003)
5. Law of Torts& Consumer Protection Act: R.K. Bangia (Publisher –Allahabad Law Agency Publications, Allahabad , 2016)
4. Law of Torts: B.M. Gandhi (Publisher – Eastern Book Company, Lucknow 3rd Ed., 2006)
5. Law of Torts & Consumer Protection Act: J.N. Panday (Publisher –Central Law Publications, Allahabad, 2017)
6. Law of Torts: Salmond & Heuston(Publisher –Universal Law Publication Co. Pvt. Ltd.20th Ed. , 2004)

Paper- 20

Family Law-II (Muslim Law)

UNIT- I: Sources of Muslim Law and Marriages among Muslims

1. Sources of Muslim Law
2. Marriages among Muslims in India
 - (i) Nature of Marriage
 - (ii) Kinds of Marriage
 - (iii) Requirements of Marriage (including Dower)

UNIT-II: Matrimonial Remedies and Guardianship

1. Matrimonial Remedies
 - (a) Restitution of Conjugal Rights
 - (b) Dissolution of Marriage
2. Guardianship

UNIT-III: Legitimacy and Maintenance

1. Legitimacy and parentage
2. Maintenance

UNIT-IV: Wills, Gifts, Waqf and General Principles of Inheritance

1. Wills
2. Gifts
3. Waqf
4. General Principles of Inheritance (No specific rules of inheritance are to be taught)

Recommended Books:

1. Introduction to Muslim Law – Tahir Mahmood (Publisher – Universal Law Publishing Co, New Delhi, Edition 2018)
2. Textbook of Muslim Law- R.K. Singh (Publisher – Universal Law Publishing Co, New Delhi, Edition 2016)
3. Muslim Law – Aquil Ahamad (Publisher – Central Law Agency, Allahabad, Edition 2018)
4. Muslim Law – Dr. Sinha (Publisher – Central Law Agency, Allahabad, Edition 2018)
5. Muslim Law – Khalid Rashid (Publisher – Eastern Book Company, Lucknow, Edition 2018)

Paper- 21

Constitutional Law – II

Unit – I Fundamental Rights – I

- a. Definition of ‘State’ for enforcement of fundamental rights, Justifiability of fundamental rights – Doctrine of eclipse, severability, waiver. Distinction between pre-constitutional law and post-constitutional law
- b. Right to equality – Concept of Equality; Procedural and substantive equality; Doctrine of Reasonable classification and the principle of absence of arbitrariness
- c. Fundamental freedoms: Freedom of speech and expression, freedom of association, freedom of movement, freedom to reside and settle, freedom of trade, business and profession – expansion by judicial interpretation – reasonable restrictions

Unit – II: Fundamental Rights – II

- a. Right to life and personal liberty
- b. Protection in respect of conviction for offences
- c. Preventive detention under the Constitution – Policy and safeguards – Judicial review
- d. Right against exploitation – Forced labour and child employment

Unit – III: Fundamental Rights – III

- a. Freedom of religion
- b. Cultural and Educational Rights
- c. *Right to Constitutional Remedies* – Judicial Review – Writs – Habeas Corpus, Mandamus, Certiorari, Prohibition and Quo-warranto – Art 32 and 226

Unit – IV: Directive Principles, Fundamental Duties and Social Justice

- a. Directive Principles of State Policy – Nature and justiciability of the Directive Principles – Inter-relationship between Fundamental Rights and Directive Principles – Fundamental Duties
- b. Social justice under the Indian Constitution

Recommended Books:

1. D.D. Basu, Shorter Constitution of India, (Publisher –Lexis Nexis 15TH Edition, 2017)
2. Kailesh Rai, Constitution of India, (Publisher –Allahabad Law Agency, Allahabad Edition, 2014)
3. V.N. Shukla, Constitution of India, (Publisher –Eastern Book Co. Lucknow 13th Edition, 2017)

4. M.P. Jain, Indian Constitutional Law, (Publisher –Lexis Nexis,8th Edition 2018)
5. J.N. Panday, Constitution of India, (Publisher –Central Law Agency, Allahabad , 2017)

Paper- 22

Law of Crimes– II

Unit – I : Offences affecting the Human body

- a. Culpable Homicide, Murder, Death caused by Negligent act, Dowry Death
- b. Offences of Hurt and Grievous Hurt, offences of Wrongful Restraint and Wrongful Confinement
- c. Offences of Criminal Force and Assault, offences of Kidnapping and Abduction

Unit – II: Offences against Women

- a. Obscene acts and songs
- b. Outraging the modesty of women
- c. Rape
- d. Cruelty by husband or relatives of husband

Unit – III: Offences against Property

- a. Theft, Extortion, robbery and dacoity
- b. Criminal misappropriation and criminal breach of trust
- c. Cheating
- d. Mischief

Unit- IV: Defamation and offences relating to documents and property marks etc.

- a. Criminal trespass
- b. Forgery
- c. Defamation

Text books:

1. Ratanlal and Dhirajlal – The Indian Penal Code
2. H.S. Gaur – Penal Law of India

Paper- 23

Economics-III (International Trade and Economic Development)

Unit – I International Trade

- a. Importance of International Trade
- b. Comparative Cost Theory of International Trade

- c. Theory of Exchange Rate Determination
- d. Balance of Trade and Balance of Payments

Unit – II International Economic Institutions

- a. International Economic Cooperation
- b. International Monetary Fund
- c. World Bank Group
- d. World Trade Organization

Unit – III Economic Development

- a. Concepts of Economic Development and Growth
- b. Economic and Non-economic factors of Development
- c. Obstacles of Economic Development
- d. Indicators of Development

Unit – IV: Development in India

- a. India's Development during Plan-period
- b. New Economic Policy
- c. Second Generation Reforms
- d. Development of Foreign Trade in India

Text Books:

- 1. Todaro, M. Economic Development in the Third World;
- 2. Myint, H. The Economics of Developing Countries;
- 3. Economic Survey- Latest Issue

Paper- 24

Sociology - III (Law and Society)

Unit - I: Social Basis of Law

- a. Development of Socio-legal Studies
- b. Modern Law and Customary Law
- c. Understanding the Interface between Law and Society
- d. Law as an Instrument of Social Engineering

Unit II: Social Problems and Social Legislation

- a. Regionalism
- b. Casteism
- c. Dowry

- d. Divorce
- e. Terrorism

Unit III: Social Control

- a. Social Control- its meaning; mechanisms and agents of social control, functions and dysfunctions of social control
- b. Distinction between formal and informal social control
- c. Informal Agencies of social control-customs, folkways, mores and religion
- d. Formal Agencies- public opinion, media, propaganda and law

Unit IV: Social Deviance

- a. Meaning and types of Deviance
- b. Crime: Concept of Crime – Legal and Sociological; Theories of Crime; Types of Crime – Juvenile delinquency, White-collar crimes, property crimes, organized crimes, sex crimes, environmental crimes, cyber crimes
- c. Issues of Domestic Violence and Juvenile Delinquency

Text Books:

1. Harlambos, M. Sociology: Themes and Perspectives; Oxford University Press, 1980
2. Bottomore, T.B. Sociology: A Guide to Problems and Literature; Blackie and Sons India Ltd; 1971
3. Horton. P.B. and C.L. Hunt Sociology; McGraw- Hill book Company, Singapore, 1984.
4. Giddens, A. Sociology; Polity Press, UK; 19
5. Ahuja, Ram; Indian Social Problems, Rawat Publications, 2019.
6. Rao, Shankar, C.N.: Sociology: Principles of Sociology with an Introduction to Sociological Thought, S.Chand Publication, 2019
7. Bhusan, V and Sachdeva, D.R.: An Introduction to Sociology; Kitab Mahal, 2020.

5th SEMESTER

Paper- 25

Business Law

Unit – I: Sale of Goods: Definition, Conditions and Performance

- a. Definition of ‘goods’ and ‘sale’
- b. Essentials of sale

- c. Conditions and Warranties
- d. Passing of property
- e. Nemo Dat quod non habet
- f. Performance of Contract

Unit – II: Sale of Goods Act: Right of parties and remedies

- a. Rights of unpaid seller
- b. Remedies for breach of contract

Unit – III: Negotiable Instruments

- a. Definition, essential kinds of negotiable instruments
- b. Holder and holder in due course
- c. Negotiation and assignment

Unit – IV: Negotiable Instruments: Presentation and Liability

- a. Presentation of Negotiable Instruments
- b. Crossing of cheques
- c. Discharge from Liability
- d. Noting and Protest
- e. Dishonour of negotiable instruments

Text books:

- 1. Avtar Singh – Sale of Goods
- 2. Bhashyam and Adiga – Law of Negotiable Instruments

Paper- 26

Administrative Law

Unit – I: Evolution and Scope of Administrative Law

- a. Meaning, Nature and Growth of Administrative Law
- b. Administrative Law & Constitutional Law, Relation between the two
- c. Rule of law and Administrative Law
- d. Doctrine of Separation of powers and Administrative Law

Unit – II: Legislative Powers of Administrative Agencies; Liabilities and Privileges of the State & Government

- a. Meaning & Kinds of Delegated Legislation, Causes for Growth of Delegated Legislation & extent of delegation of Legislative Powers
- b. Control of Delegated Legislation

- i. Legislative
- ii. Judicial
- c. Publication of Delegated Legislation
- d. (i) Liabilities of and suits against Union of India, State & other Public Authorities in
Torts and Contracts
- (ii) Privileges enjoyed by the Government & Public Authorities in relation to legal proceedings

Unit-III: Power of Adjudication of Administrative Agencies

- a. Need for devolution of adjudicatory authority on administration, Difference between Administrative adjudication & adjudication by Traditional Courts
- b. Administrative Tribunals (in general)
- c. Practice & Procedure of Administrative Tribunals & Agencies:
 - (i) General
 - (ii) The Twin Principles of Natural Justice
 - (i) Right to Counsel
 - (ii) Reasoned Decision
 - (iii) Institutional Decision
 - (iv) Hearing Officers Report
 - (v) Finality of Decisions
- d. Law of Government Services in India as provided in the Constitution of India with special reference to Service Tribunals.
- e. Ombusman

Unit – IV:

A. Administrative Action, Discretion and Direction

- a. Administrative Action and quasi-judicial action
- b. Discretion, its meaning, advantages and disadvantages of conferring discretionary powers, Judicial Control of Administrative Action
- c. Administrative Discretion, its nature, distinction between direction and rule
- d. Doctrine of legitimate expectations

B. Control of Administrative Action

- i. Introduction
- ii. Court as the final authority to determine the legality of administrative action
- iii. Method of Judicial Review

- (a) Extra ordinary remedies
- (b) Equitable remedies
- (c) other statutory appeals
- iv. Locus standi
- v. Laches
- vi. Res judicata
- C. Public Corporation

Recommended Books:

1. J.J.R. Upadhaya - Administrative Law (Publisher – Central Law Agency, Allahabad Ed.2015)
2. S.P. Shate - Administrative Law (Publisher – Allahabad Law Agency Publication, Allahabad Ed.2000)
3. C.K. Takwani – Equity- Administrative Law (Publisher – Eastern Book Company, Lucknow Ed.2005)
4. I.P. Massey - Administrative Law (Publisher – Eastern Book Company, Lucknow 7th Ed.2007)
5. U.P.D. Kesari - Administrative Law (Publisher – Central Law Publications, Allahabad Ed.2013)

Paper- 27

Jurisprudence - I

Unit – I: Introduction

- a. Nature and scope of Jurisprudence
- b. Need for study of Jurisprudence
- c. Linkage between Jurisprudence and other sciences

Unit – II: Schools of Jurisprudence – I

- a. Natural Law
- b. Analytical positivism, Pure Theory
- c. Historical Jurisprudence

Unit – III: Schools of Jurisprudence – II

- a. Sociology Jurisprudence
- b. Economic Approach
- c. Legal Realism

Unit – IV: Indian Approach

Text books:

1. R.W.M. Dias, Jurisprudence
2. Prof. (Mrs.) Nomita Aggarwal , Jurisprudence (Legal Theory)
3. B.N. Maini Tripathi, Legal Theory
4. Edger Bodenheimer, Jurisprudence

Paper- 28

Human Rights Law

Unit – I: Introduction

- a. History
- b. Evolution
- c. Growth

Unit – II: UN Charter and Human Rights

- a. UDHR
- b. Covenants of 1966
- c. Optional Protocols

Unit – III: Human Rights under the Indian Constitution and their Enforcement

- a. Fundamental Rights
- b. Directive Principles of State Policy
- c. Role of Judiciary
- d. Role of NHRC
- e. Role of NGOs

Unit - IV: Group Rights

- a. Prisoners
- b. Women and Children
- c. Indigenous People
- d. Disabled

Text books:

1. UN Charter
2. Constitution of India
3. Human Rights Act 1993
4. Sinha, M.K. – Implementation of Non-Derogation Human Rights (Delhi 1999)

Paper- 29

Code of Civil Procedure – I

Unit – I: Introduction

- a. Definitions: Decree, Judgement, Order, Foreign Court, Foreign Judgement, Mesne, Profits, Affidavit, Suit, Plaint, Written Statement
- b. Important Concepts: suit of civil nature, Res Sub-Judice, Resjudicata, Restitution, Caveat, Inherent powers of courts

Unit – II: Initial steps in a suit

- a. Jurisdiction and place of suing
- b. Institution of suit
- c. Pleadings: Meaning, object, General rules, Amendment of pleadings
- d. Plaint and written statement
- e. Discovery, Inspection and production of documents
- f. Appearance and non-appearance of parties
- g. First hearing

Unit – III: Interim Orders

- a. Commissions
- b. Arrest before judgement
- c. Attachment before judgement
- d. Temporary Injunctions
- e. Interlocutory orders
- f. Receiver
- g. Security of costs

Unit – IV: Suits in Particular Cases

- a. Suits by or against Government
- b. Suits by Indigent persons
- c. Inter-pleader Suit
- d. Suits relating to public nuisance

Text books:

1. Code of Civil Procedure, 1908 (Relevant Provisions)
2. C.K. Takwani, Code of Civil Procedure
3. Mulla – Code of Civil Procedure
4. Sarkar's Code of Civil Procedure

Paper- 30

Code of Criminal Procedure – I

Unit – I: Introduction

- a. Definitions
- b. Constitution and powers of Criminal Courts and Offices

Unit – II: Provisions for Investigations

- a. Arrest and Bail provisions
- b. Information to the Police and their powers to investigate

Unit – III: Process to Compel Appearance and Production of things

- a. Summons for Appearance
- b. Warrant of arrest
- c. Proclamation and attachment
- d. Other rules regarding processes
- e. Summons procedure
- f. Search Warrants
- g. General provisions as to search
- h. Miscellaneous

Unit-IV: Proceedings before Magistrate

- a. Conditions requisite for initiation of proceedings
- b. Complaints to Magistrates
- c. Commencement of proceedings before Magistrates
- d. Security Proceedings

Text Books:

- 1. Rattan Lal & Dhirajlal – Code of Criminal Procedure
- 2. R.V. Kelkar – Code of Criminal Procedure

6th SEMESTER

Paper- 31

Corporate Law

Unit-I: Formation, Registration and Incorporation of company

- a. Nature and kinds of company
- b. Promoters: Position, duties and liabilities
- c. Mode and consequences of incorporation,

- d. Uses and abuses of the corporate form, lifting of corporate veil,
- e. Memorandum of Association, alteration and the doctrine of ultra vires,
- f. Articles of association, binding nature, alteration, relation with memorandum of association, doctrine of constructive notice and indoor management- exceptions.

Unit-II: Capital Formation

- 1. Prospectus: Issues, contents, Kinds, liability for misstatements, statement in lieu of prospectus,
- 2. The nature and classification of company securities,
- 3. Shares and general principles of allotment,
- 4. Statutory share certificate, its objects and effects,
- 5. Transfer of shares,
- 6. Share capital, reduction of share capital,
- 7. Duties of court to protect interests of creditors and shareholders.
- 8. Debentures, kinds, remedies of debenture holders.

Unit – III: Corporate Administration

- a. Directors – kinds, powers and duties,
- b. Insider trading,
- c. Meetings kinds and procedure,
- d. The balance of powers within companies - Majority control and minority protection, Prevention of oppression, and powers of court and central government,
- e. Emerging trends in Corporate social responsibility, legal liability of company - civil, criminal, tortuous and environmental.

Unit-IV: Winding up of Companies

- a. Kinds, consequences and reasons of winding up,
- b. Role of the court,
- c. Liability of past members,
- d. Payment of liabilities,
- e. Reconstruction and amalgamation.

Text books:

- 1. Avtar Singh: Indian Company Law
- 2. Shah S. M.: Lectures on Company Law

Paper- 32
Law of Evidence

Unit – I: Introduction and Relevancy

- a. Evidence and its relationship with the substantive and procedural laws
- b. Definitions – Facts, facts in issue, relevant facts, evidence proved, disproved, not proved, oral and documentary evidence
- c. Relevancy and admissibility
- d. Proof of Conspiracy

Unit – II: Statements – Admissions / Confessions and Dying Declarations

- a. Admissions
- b. Confessions
- c. Dying Declarations

Unit – III: Method of proof of facts

- a. Presumptions
- b. Presumption as to Abetment of Suicide and as to Dowry Death
- c. Expert opinion
- d. Evidence as to Character
- e. Admissibility of - oral and documentary evidence, primary and secondary evidence
- f. Law relating to Burden of proof
- g. Privileged Communications

Unit – IV: Presumptions regarding discharge of burden of proof

- a. Evidence by accomplice
- b. Judicial notice
- c. Presumption as to Certain Offences
- d. Improper admission and rejection of evidence
- e. Examination-in-chief, cross examination and re-examination
- f. Estoppel

Recommended Books:

1. M. Monir – The Law of Evidence (Publisher –Universal Law Publishing Co. ,G.T. Karnal Road, Delhi, 2017)
2. Muralidhar Chaturvedi – Evidence Act (Publisher – Eastern Book Company, Lucknow)

3. Raja Ram Yadav – Indian Evidence Act (Publisher –Central Law Agency,Allahabad, 2017
4. Batuk Lal –The Law of Evidence (Publisher –Central Law Agency,Allahabad, 2017)
4. Raghunath Prasad Verma- Indian Evidence Act (Publisher – Allahabad Law Agency, Allahabad, 2017)
6. Avtar Singh – Indian Evidence Act (Publisher –Central Law Publications ,Allahabad, 2017)

Paper- 33

Jurisprudence – II

Unit-I: State, Sovereignty and Law

- a. Nature and functions of a State and its relationship with law
- b. Nature and development of Sovereignty
- c. Nature and kinds of law and theories of justice

Unit-II: Sources of Law

- a. Custom
 - b. Precedent
 - c. Legislation
- (Emphasis on Indian perspective)

Unit – III: Concepts of Law

- a. Rights and Duties
- b. Personality
- c. Possession, Ownership and Property

Unit-IV: Principles of Liability

- a. Liability and Negligence
- b. Absolute Liability

Text books:

1. Salmond's Jurisprudence
2. R.W.M. Dias, Jurisprudence
3. Prof. (Mrs.) Nomita Aggarwal, Jurisprudence (Legal Theory)

Paper- 34

Public International Law

Unit I:

- Nature, Definition, Origin and Basis of International Law
- Sources of International Law
- Subjects of International Law
- Relationship between International Law and Municipal Law

Unit II:

- Recognition: Definition & salient features, Theories of Recognition, Kinds of Recognition, Legal effect of Recognition, Withdrawal of Recognition.
- State Succession: Definition and Kinds of Succession Consequences of State Succession.
- Extradition: Definition, Purpose of Extradition, Legal Duty, Extradition of Political Offenders, Doctrine of Double Criminality, Rule of Specialty.
- Asylum: Meaning, Right of Asylum, Types of Asylum

Unit III:

- Nationality & Statelessness
- State Territory: Concept, Modes of Acquisition, International Rivers & canals.
- Law of sea and outer space
- State Jurisdiction: Territorial Jurisdiction and Its Limitation
- State Responsibility: Kinds and extent of State Responsibility, Consequence of State Responsibility.
- Diplomatic & Consular relations

Unit IV:

- U.N.: Origin, Object, Principles and Membership
- Main organs of U.N. : General Assembly, Security Council, Economic and Social Council, Trusteeship Council and Secretariat, International Court of Justice.
- Settlement of International Disputes
- War and use of force in International Law
- Law of Contraband, Blockade and Enemy character

Recommended Books:

1. S.K. Kapoor : Public International Law (Publisher – Central Law Publication, Allahabad Ed.2018

2. H.O. Agrawal : International Law and Human Rights (Publisher – Central Law Publication, Allahabad Ed.2018
3. Prof. T.P. Tripathi- An Introduction to the Study of Human Rights (Publisher – Allahabad Law Agency Publication, Allahabad Ed.2017)

Paper- 35

Code of Civil Procedure – II

Unit –I: Judgment and Decree

- a. Judgment: Definition, Essentials, Pronouncement, Contents, and Alteration
- b. Decree: Definition, Essentials, Types, Drawing up of a decree, Contents, and Decree in particular cases
- c. Interest
- d. Costs

Unit-II: Execution

- a. Courts by which decree may be executed
- b. Payment under decree
- c. Application for Execution
- d. Mode of Execution
- e. Stay of Execution
- f. Questions to be determined by executing court

Unit-III: Appeals

- a. Appeals from original decree
- b. Appeals from appellate decrees
- c. General provisions relating to appeals
- d. Appeals to the Supreme Court
- e. Appeals by Indigent persons

Unit-IV: Reference, Review and Revision

- a. reference to High Court
- b. review
- c. revision

Text books:

1. Mulla – Code of Civil Procedure
2. Sarkar's Code of Civil Procedure

Paper- 36

Code of Criminal Procedure – II

Unit-I: Introduction to Trial Procedures

- a. The charge
 - i. Form of charges
 - ii. Joinder of charges
- b. Evidence in inquiries and trials
- c. General provisions as to inquiries and trials
- d. Provisions as to accused persons of unsound mind.

Unit-II: Trials and Execution Proceedings

- a. Trial before a court of session
- b. Trial of warrant cases by magistrates
- c. Trial of summons – cases by Magistrates
- d. Summary Trials
- e. Judgement
- f. Submission of death sentences for confirmation
- g. Execution, suspension, remission and commutation of sentences

Unit-III: Review Procedures

- a. Appeals
- b. Reference and Revisions

Unit-IV: Miscellaneous

- a. Maintenance of wives, children and parents
- b. Transfer of criminal cases
- c. Irregular proceedings
- d. Limitations for taking cognizance

Text books:

1. Rattan Lal & Dhirajlal – Code of Criminal Procedure
2. R.V. Kelkar – Code of Criminal Procedure

7th SEMESTER

Paper- 37

LAND LAWS - I

Unit – I:

- a. Land Reform: The Historical Perspective
 - i. Hindu Period
 - ii. Muslim Period
 - iii. British Period
- b. Constitutional Provisions on Agrarian Reform
- c. Salient features of U.P.Z.A.L.R. Act 1950

Unit – II:

- a. Chapter I of U.P. Revenue Code, 2006
- b. Chapter II of U.P. Revenue Code, 2006
- c. Chapter III of U.P. Revenue Code, 2006

Unit – III:

- a. Chapter IV of U.P. Revenue Code, 2006
- b. Chapter V of U.P. Revenue Code, 2006
- c. Chapter VI of U.P. Revenue Code, 2006

Unit – IV:

- a. Chapter VII of U.P. Revenue Code, 2006
- b. Chapter VIII of U.P. Revenue Code, 2006

Text books:

- 1. Constitution of India – Mr. V.N. Shukla
- 2. U.P. Revenue Code, 2006

Paper- 38

Property Law

Unit-I: Introduction

- a. Concept and kinds of Property
- b. Nature and scope of Transfer of Property Act
- c. Important terms and their definitions
- d. Persons competent to transfer
- e. Transferable and Non-Transferable Property

- f. Effect of transfer

Unit-II: General Principles Governing Transfer of Immoveable Property

Conditions Restricting Transfer, Transfer to an Unborn Person and Rule against Perpetuity, Direction for accumulation, Vested and Contingent interest, Conditional Transfer, Doctrine of Election, Transfer by ostensible owner, Rule of feeding the grant by estoppels, Improvements made by bonafide holders under defective titles, Doctrine of *Lis pendens*, Fraudulent transfer & Part - performance

Unit – III: Specific Transfers – I

- a. Sale and exchange
- b. Gift
- c. Mortgage

Unit – IV: Specific Transfer – II

- a. Lease and License
- b. Charge
- c. Actionable claim

Recommended Books:

1. Mulla D.F. – Transfer of property (Publisher –Lexis Nexis Publication, ,13TH Ed.)
2. T.P. Tripathi – Transfer of property (Publisher –Allahabad Law Agency Publication, Ed. 2017)
3. G.P. Tripathi – Transfer of property Act (Publisher –Central Law Publication, Ed. 2017)
4. R. K. Sinha - Transfer of property Act (Publisher –Central Law Publication, Ed. 2017)

Paper- 39

Environmental Law

UNIT – I:

- a. Introduction
 - i. Environment – Meaning and Definition
 - ii. Environmental Pollution – Meaning and Issues
- b. Environment Protection: The International Efforts
- c. International Legal Norms
 - i. Concept of Sustainable Development
 - ii. Precautionary Principle

- iii. Polluter pays Principle
- iv. Public Trust Doctrine

UNIT – II:

- a. Environment Protection & the Constitution of India
 - i. Relevant Provisions – Arts. 14, 19 (1) (g), 21, 48-A, 51-A(g)
 - ii. Right to Wholesome Environment – Evolution and Application
 - iii. Environment Protection through Public Interest Litigation
- b. Other Laws
 - i. Environment Protection & Law of Torts
 - ii. Environment Protection & Law of Crimes
 - iii. Environment Protection & Other Legislations

UNIT – III:

- a. The Environmental (Protection) Act, 1986
- a. The Water (Prevention and Control of Pollution) Act, 1974
- b. The Air (Prevention and Control of Pollution) Act, 1981

UNIT – IV:

- a. The Wild Life (Protection) Act, 1972
 - i. Authorities to be appointed and constituted under the Act
 - ii. Hunting of Wild Animals
 - iii. Protection of Specified Plants
 - iv. Protected Areas
 - v. Trade or Commerce in wild animals, animal articles and trophies
- b. The National Green Tribunal Act, 2010

Recommended Books:

1. Gurdip Singh - Environmental Law (Publisher – Eastern Book Company, Lucknow
2nd Ed.2016)
2. J.J.R. Upadhaya - Environmental Law (Publisher – Central Law Agency, Allahabad
Ed.2015)
3. P.S. Jaswal - Environmental Law (Publisher – Allahabad Law Agency, Faridabad, Haryana Ed.2008)
4. Anirudh Prasad - Environmental Law (Publisher – Central Law Agency, Allahabad
Ed.2015)

5. C.P. Singh - Environmental Law (Publisher – Allahabad Law Agency Publications,
Allahabad Ed.2010)

Paper- 40

LABOUR LAW - I

Unit-I: Industrial Dispute Act, 1947

- Scope and object. of Industry
- Workmen, Employees, Industry, Industrial disputes.
- Authorities under the Industrial dispute.
- Reference of Disputes to Boards, Courts or tribunals.
- Procedure, Power and duties of Authorities.

Unit-II: Industrial Dispute Act, 1947 (continued)

- Strike, Lock-out
- Lay off and Retrenchment
- Penalties
- Miscellaneous Provisions

Unit-III Employees Compensation Act, 1923

- Definitions, Aims and Object
- Liability of Employer
- Notional Extension and Defences, Determination of Amount of Compensation, Compensation when due, Penalty for default, Contracting out (Sec.17), Appointment and powers of Commissioner(Sec 19-31)

Unit-IV: - Other Legislations

- (a) **The Trade Union Act 1926:** History and development of Trade Union, Definition, Registration of Trade Union, Rights and Liabilities of Registered Trade Union, Penalties and Procedure.
- (b) **Minimum Wages Act, 1948:** Object of the Act, Definition and Revision of rates of Wages, Working hours and Determination of Wages and Claims etc., Authority, Appointment and Powers of the Authority.

Recommended Books:

1. S. N. Mishra: Labour & Industrial Law (Publisher –Central Law Publication,Allahabad, 24TH Ed.2008)
2. P.L. Malik: Labour & Industrial Law(Publisher –EBC 18TH Ed.2018)
3. S. C. Srivastava: Industrial Relations & Labour Laws(Publisher –Vikas Publishing House 6th Ed.2014)
4. V. G. Goswami: Labour & Industrial Law (Publisher – Central Law Agency ,Allahabad, 7th Ed. 1999)
5. J.P. Sharma : Labour Laws (Publisher – Bharat Law House Pvt. Ltd, New Delhi, 2018)

Paper- 41

Tax Law

Unit – I: Introduction

- a. Definitions
- b. Basis of Income
 - Charge of Income Tax
 - Scope of total Income
 - Residential status of an assessee
 - Dividend Income
 - Income deemed to accrue or arise in India
 - Foreign income and its taxability

Unit – II: Incomes which do not form part of total Income

- a. Incomes not included in total income
- b. Special provision in respect of newly established industrial undertaking in free trade zones
- c. Special provision in respect of newly established hundred per cent export-oriented undertaking
- d. Income from property held for charitable or religious purpose
- e. Income of trusts or institutions from contributions
- f. Conditions as to registration of trusts, etc.
- g. Section 11 not to apply in certain cases
- h. Special provision relating to incomes of political parties

Unit – III: Heads of Income

- a. Salaries
- b. Income from house property
- c. Profits and gains of business or profession
- d. Capital gains
- e. Income from other sources

Unit – IV: Tax Authorities

- a. Powers
- b. Procedure for Adjudication and Settlement

Text books:

1. Dinesh Ahuja and Ravi Gupta, Systematic approach to Income Tax, (Latest Edition)
2. Singhania, Student Guide to Income Tax, Taxmann (Latest Edition).

Paper- 42

PROFESSIONAL ETHICS AND PROFESSIONAL ACCOUNTING SYSTEM

Unit I:

- History and Development of Legal Profession in India
- Nature, Need and Importance of Legal Profession
- Constitution, Function, Powers and Jurisdiction of State Bar Council and Bar Council of India
- Efforts towards unification of the Bar of in India
- Admission and Enrolment of Advocates
- Accounting for Lawyers

Unit II: Professional ethics and Advocacy

- Standards of Professional Conduct and Etiquette
- Conflict between interest and duty
- Lawyers' Duty to court, to client, to opponent, to colleagues, towards society and obligation to render legal aid

Unit III: Bench-Bar Relationship

- Reciprocity as partners in the administration of Justice
- Code of conduct for Lawyers & Professional Misconduct
- Rights and Privileges of Advocates

Unit IV: Contempt of Court Act, 1971

- Historical Development of the Contempt of Court Act in India,
- Object and Scope of the Contempt of Court Act
- Definition & Kinds of Contempt
- Contempt by Judges, Magistrates, Lawyers and other persons
- Cognizance, Procedure, Appellate provisions regarding Contempt,
- Defences, Punishment and Remedies.

Acts

1. The Advocate Act, 1961
2. Contempt of Court Act. 1971
3. The Advocates Welfare Fund Act, 2001

Rule

The Bar council of India Rules, 1961

Recommended Books:

1. Holland Avrom Shree - Advocacy, (Publication- Universal Law Agency, Delhi, 1994)
2. Keith Eva -. The Golden Rules of Adovacy (Publication- Universal Law Agency, Delhi, 1994)
3. Raju Ramchandran – Professional Ethics (Publication- Lexis Nexis, New Delhi, Ed.2004)
4. Kailesh Rai – Legal Ethics Accountancy for Lawyers & Bench (Publication- Central Law Publications, Allahabad Ed.2014)

8th SEMESTER

Paper- 43

LAND LAWS -II

Unit – I:

- a. Chapter IX of U.P. Revenue Code, 2006
- b. Chapter X of U.P. Revenue Code, 2006

Unit – II:

- a. Chapter XI of U.P. Revenue Code, 2006
- b. Chapter XII of U.P. Revenue Code, 2006

Unit – III:

- a. Chapter XIII of U.P. Revenue Code, 2006
- b. Chapter XIV of U.P. Revenue Code, 2006

Unit – IV:

- a. Chapter XV of U.P. Revenue Code, 2006
- b. U. P. Consolidation of Holdings Act, 1954

Text books:

- 1. Constitution of India – Mr. V.N. Shukla
- 2. U.P. Revenue Code, 2006
- 3. U. P. Consolidation of Holdings Act, 1954

Paper- 44

Investment and Competition Laws

Unit – I: Competition Law

- a. Background
- b. Prohibitions
- c. Competition Commission of India

Unit-II: Corporate Finance and regulatory framework

- a. Security Contract (Regulation) Act 1956
- b. SEBI Act 1992
- c. Depositories Act 1996
- d. The Securitisation and Reconstruction of Financial Assets and enforcement of security Interest Act, 2002

Unit-III: Regulatory framework for foreign trade, multinational companies

- a. Foreign Trade (Development & Regulation) Act 1992,
- b. UNCTAD Draft Model on Trans – National Corporations
- c. Control and regulation of foreign companies in India,
- d. Foreign collaborations and joint ventures

Unit – IV: Foreign Exchange Management

- a. Background
- b. Policies
- c. Authorities

Text books:

- 1. Competition Act 2002
- 2. Security Contract (Regulation) Act 1956

3. SEBI Act 1992
4. Depositories Act 1996
5. Foreign Trade (Development & Regulation) Act 1992,
6. Foreign Exchange Management Act, 1999
7. Taxman's Student's Guide to Economic Laws

Paper- 45

LAW OF INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY

Unit-I:

(A) Introduction to Intellectual Property: -

- (a) Concept and Meaning of Intellectual Property
- (b) Nature and Characteristics of Intellectual Property
- (c) Origin and Development of Intellectual Property
- (d) Kinds of Intellectual Property

(B) International Institutions and Basic International Conventions: -

- (a) Paris Convention for the Protection of Industrial Property, 1883
- (b) The Berne Convention, 1886
- (c) TRIPS Agreement, 1994
- (d) International Institutions Concerned with Intellectual Property.

Unit-II: LAW OF COPYRIGHT

- (a) Introduction
 - Nature, Evolution and Scope of Copyright
- (b) Subject Matters of Copyright
 - Work in which Copyright subsists
 - Authorship vis-a- vis Ownership
 - Copyright: Economic and Moral Rights
 - Duration of Copyright
 - Assignment, Transmission & Licensing
- (c) Limitations, Infringement & Enforcement of Copyright
 - Limitations and Exceptions of Copyright
 - Infringement
 - Enforcement of Copyright & Remedies

Unit-III: LAW OF PATENTS

(a) Introduction

- Evolution of Patents in India
- International Treaties on Patents.

(b) Patentability and Procedures for Grants of Patents.

(c) Assignment, Transmission and Licensing of Patent

(d) Limitations, Exceptions & Infringements.

(e) Patent Authorities, Patent Agents & Emerging Issues.

(f) Enforcement & Remedies

Unit-IV: LAW OF TRADEMARK

(a) Introduction

- Evolution of Trademark in India
- Kinds of Trademarks

(b) Registration of Trademarks

(c) Commercial Exploitation of Trademarks

- Rights of Proprietor
- Assignment, Licensing and Transmission of Trademark

(d) Infringement and Passing off

(e) Enforcement & Remedies

Recommended Books:

1. V. K. Ahuja :Law Relating to Intellectual Property Rights(Publisher – Lexis Nexies, Nagpur Ed.2012)
2. B. L. Wadehra: :Law Relating to Patents, Trade Marks, Copyright, Designs & Geographical Indications(Publisher – Universal Law Publishing Co. Ed.2012)
3. S. K. Singh: Intellectual Property Rights (Publisher – Central Law Agency Allahabad Ed.2018)
4. R.K. Nagarajun : Intellectual Property Law (Publisher – Allahabad Law Agency Allahabad Ed.2017)
5. Rodney D Ryder : Intellectual Property Law (Publisher – Macmillan India Ltd, New Delhi 1st Ed.2005)

Paper- 46

Labour Law-II

Unit – I: Minimum Wages Act , 1948

- a. Concept of minimum wage, fair wage, living wage and need based minimum wage
- a. Constitutional validity of the Minimum wages Act, 1948
- b. Procedure for fixation and revision of minimum wages
- c. Fixation of minimum rates of wage by time rate or by piece rate
- d. Procedure for hearing and deciding claims

Unit-II: Payment of Wages Act, 1936

- a. Object, scope and application of the Act
- b. Definition of wage
- c. Responsibility for payment of wages
- d. Fixation of wage period
- e. Time of payment of wage
- f. Deductions which may be made from wages
- g. Maximum amount of deduction

Unit –III: Workmen’s Compensation Act, 1923

- a. Definition of dependant, workman, partial disablement and total disablement
- b. Employer’s liability for compensation
 - Scope of arising out of and in the course of employment
 - Doctrine of notional extension
 - When employer is not liable
- c. Employer’s Liability when contract or is engaged
- d. Amount of compensation
- e. Distribution of Compensation
- f. Procedure in proceedings before Commissioner
- g. Appeals

Unit – IV: Factories Act, 1948

- a. Concept of “factory”, “manufacturing process” “worker” and “occupier”
- b. General duties of occupier
- c. Measures to be taken in factories for health, safety and welfare of workers
- d. Working hours of adults
- e. Employment of young person and children
- f. Annual leave with wages

g. Additional provisions regulating employment of women in factory

Text books:

1. S.C. Srivastava, Commentaries on factories Act, 1948, Universal Law Publishing House, Delhi
2. H.L. Kumar, Workmen's Compensation Act, 1923

Paper- 47

Interpretation of Statutes

Unit – I: Introduction

- a. Meaning of Interpretation and construction
- b. Need for Interpretation
- c. Act, Enactment, Statutes, Ordinances, Rules, etc.
- d. Nature of Judicial Process: Judges as Law Makers

Unit – II: Internal Aids to Interpretation

- a. Title
- b. Preamble
- c. Heading
- d. Marginal Note
- e. Section
- f. Sub-section
- g. Punctuation
- h. Illustration
- i. Exception
- j. Proviso
- k. Explanation
- l. Saving Clause
- m. Schedule

Unit – III: External aids of construction etc.

- a. Constituent Assembly Debates for Constitutional Interpretation
- b. Legislative History: Legislative Intention
- c. Statement of Objects and Reasons
- d. Legislative Debates
- e. Committee Reports, Law Commission Reports
- f. Decisions of foreign courts

g. Dictionary and Text Books

Unit – IV: Rules of Interpretation

(1)

- a. Literal Rule
- b. Golden Rule
- c. Mischief Rule
- d. Rule of Harmonious Construction

Doctrines-

- e. Ejusdem generis*
- f. Noscitur a sociis*
- g. Generalia specialibus non derogant*
- h. Reddendo singula singulis*

(2)

- a. Effect and operation of Statutes:
 - i. Repeal of Statutes
 - ii. Retrospective operation of statutes
 - iii. Effect of statutes on state
- b. Construction of Penal & Tax Statutes

Recommended Books:

1. B.M. Gandhi - Interpretation of Statutes (Publisher – Eastern Book Company, Lucknow 2nd Ed.2006)
2. Anirudh Prasad - Interpretation of Statutes (Publisher – Central Law Publications, Allahabad Ed.2015)
3. T. Bhattacharyya - Interpretation of Statutes (Publisher – Central Law Agency, Allahabad 7th Ed.2009)
4. D.N. Mishra -Interpretation of Statutes (Publisher –Allahabad Law Agency, Publication, Allahabad Ed.2010)
5. J.G. Chandra -Interpretation of Statutes (Publisher –Shakti Publication, Allahabad Ed.2006).

Paper- 48

PROJECT – I

Research Paper / Case Comment

(100 marks) (50 + 50 Viva)

In this paper the students will be required to write a research paper / case comment (in not more than 35 pages) on any current topic of legal importance as may be decided by the Supervisor / Departmental Committee. Each student will have to work under the supervision of respective supervisors.

Evaluation Pattern:

The Head of the Department will propose a panel of examiners to the Controller of Examination for evaluation of the research paper / case comment and for conducting the viva-voce. The examiners approved by the university will evaluate research paper / case comment in consultation with the supervisor followed by a viva-voce to be conducted by a Board consisting of:

- (a) The Convenor, who shall be a faculty member of the University's Law Department;
- (b) An external examiner; and
- (c) The Project in Charge of the Department / college concerned.

9th SEMESTER

Paper- 49

Law and Technology

Unit – I: E-COMMERCE

- a. Online contracting
- b. Online securities offering
- c. E-Banking

Unit – II: Cyber Crimes

- a. Obscenity
- b. Defamation
- c. Hacking and Cracking
- d. Crime through Mobile Phones

Unit – III: Genetic and Medical Technologies

- a. Regulation of Genetic Technology

- b. Laws on Medical Technology

Unit –IV: Broadcasting

- a. Regulation and Control of Broadcasting
- b. Law relating to Cable Television Network

Text books:

1. Relevant Legislations and Conventions
2. Information Technology Act - Prof. S.R.Bhansali
3. Cyber Law (Text and Cases), Gerald R. Ferrera, WEST THOMSON LEARNING
4. Cyber Crime - Vakul Sharma

Paper- 50

Women and Law

Unit - I. A. Introduction

- i. Status of Women in India
- ii. Status of Women – Position abroad
- iii. Constitution of India & Women
 - a. Preamble
 - b. Equality Provision

Unit – II: Personal Laws and Women

- a. Unequal position of women – different personal laws and Directive principles of State Policy
- b. Uniform Civil Code towards gender justice
- c. Sex inequality in inheritance
- d. Guardianship

Unit – III: Criminal Laws and Women

- a. Adultery
- b. Rape
- c. Outraging Modesty
- d. Domestic Violence

Unit – IV: Women Welfare Laws

- a. The Dowry Prohibition Act, 1961
- b. Pre-conception and pre-natal diagnostic techniques (Prohibition of Sex Selection) Act, 1994
- c. Indecent Representation of Women (Prohibition) Act, 1986

- d. Immoral Traffic (Prevention) Act, 1987
- e. Family Courts Act, 1984
- f. Labour Welfare Legislations: Maternity Benefit Act, Factories Act, Equal Remuneration Act, Implementation of Wage Laws and Legislation on Women Employment

Text books:

- 1. Law relating to Women – Dr. Sayed Maqsood
- 2. Law relating to Women – Dr. S.C. Tripathi

Paper- 51

Moot Court Exercise and Internship

Outline of the Course:

- 1. Moot Court:** Every student may be required to do at least three moot courts in a year. The moot court work will be on assigned problem.
- 2. Observation of Trial in two cases, One Civil and One Criminal:** Students may be required to attend two trials in the course of study. They will maintain a record and enter the various steps observed during their attendance on different days in the court assignment.
- 3. Interviewing Techniques and Pre-Trial Preparations and Internship Diary:** Each student will observe two interviewing sessions of clients at the Lawyer's Office/Legal Aid Office and record the proceedings in a Diary. Each student will further observe the preparation of documents and courts papers by the Advocate and the procedure for the filling of the suit/petition. This will be recorded in the diary.

Mode of Assessment in Practical (in 100 marks):

The assessment in all the Components of the Practical in this Semesters shall be done by a Board Consisting of the following:

- (i) ***Convener: A Teacher of the University Law Department***
- (ii) ***External Examiner: Who shall either be a Lawyer of not less than 10 years standing at the Bar or a Retired Judicial Officer.***
- (iii) ***Practical Training Teacher: The Teacher concerned of the University/ College***

Paper- 52

International Humanitarian Law

Unit – I: Introduction

- a. History
- b. Evolution
- c. Growth

Unit – II: Geneva Conventions Systems

- a. Geneva Convention I, II, III, IV

Unit – III: Armed Conflicts

- a. Internal armed conflict
- b. International armed conflicts
- c. Non-international armed conflicts

Unit – IV: Enforcement Machinery

- a. International Criminal Court
- b. ICRC

Text books:

1. Ingrid Detter, The Law of War, (Cambridge, 2000)
2. A. Roberts and R. Guelff, eds. , Documents on the Laws of War (Oxford, 2000)
3. Legality of the Threat or Use of nuclear weapons, Advisory Opinion, ICJ Reports (1996)
- (iv) 4. M.K. Balachandran and Rose Verghese (eds.) – International Humanitarian Law ICRC (1997)
- (v) 5. Ravindra Pratap, “India’s Attitude towards IHL”, in Mani (ed.) International Humanitarian Law in South Asia (Genava: ICRC, 2003)

Paper- 53

Criminology

Unit – I: Understanding Crime

- a. Crime: Definition and Concept
- b. Causal approaches to explanations and difficulties of applications of casual analysis to human behaviour
- c. Specific Theories: Bio-physical explanations, Psychodynamic approaches, Social learning theories of Crime causation, Social learning through sub-cultures of deviance, Social disorganization theories, and Economistic approaches

Unit – II: Deviations

- a. Legislation
- b. Treatment
- c. Judicial Approach
- Socio-Economic Crimes
 - a. White collar crimes
 - b. Drug Abuse

Unit – III: Punishment

- a. Theories of Punishment: Deterrent, Retributive, Preventive and Reformative
- b. Alternatives to imprisonment: Probation, Open jail, Parole etc.
- c. Prison reform and the Judicial Response
- d. Capital Punishment

Unit – IV: Victimology

- a. Compensation, Restitution, Assistance and Rehabilitation
- b. Compensation as a mode of punishment
- c. Constitutional perspective of compensation

Text books:

- 1. Sutherland and Crssey – Criminology
- 2. Ahmed Siddique – Criminology
- 3. Mrs. Vedkumari – Juvenile Justice

Paper- 54

Banking and Insurance Law

Unit – I: Banking System in India

- a. Kinds of banks and their functions
- b. Banking Regulation Laws
 - i Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934
 - ii Banking Regulation Act, 1949
- c. Relationship between banker and customer
 - Legal Character
 - Contract between banker & customer
 - Banks duty to customers
 - The Banking Ombudsman Scheme, 1995
 - Liability under Consumer Protection Act, 1986

Unit – II: Lending, Securities and Recovery by Banks

- a. Principles of Lending
- b. Position of Weaker Sections
- c. Nature of Securities and Risks Involved
- d. Recovery of debts with and without intervention of courts / tribunal:
 - i Recovery of Debts due to Banks and Financial Institutions Act, 1993
 - ii Securitisation and Reconstruction of Financial Assets and Enforcement of Security Interests Act, 2002.

Unit – III: Banking Frauds

- a. Nature of Banking Frauds
- b. Legal Regime to Control Banking Frauds
- c. Recent Trends in Banking: Automatic Teller Machine and Internet Banking, Smart Cards, Credit Cards

Unit – IV: : Insurance Law

- a. Nature & Scope of Insurance Contracts
- b. Kinds of Insurance:
 - (i) Life Insurance
 - (ii) Mediclaim
 - (iii) Property Insurance
 - (iv) Fire Insurance
 - (v) Motor Vehicles Insurance (with special reference to third party insurance)
- c. Constitution, Functions and Powers of Insurance Regulatory and Development Authority
 - (i) Application of Consumer Protection Act, 1986

Text books:

1. Banking Law & Negotiable Instruments Act – Sharma and Nainta
2. Banking System, Frauds and Legal Control – R.P. Namita
3. Law of Insurance – M.N. Mishra
4. Handbook of Insurance and Allied Laws – C. Rangarajan

Paper- 55

Public Interest Lawyering and Para Legal Services

UNIT – I- Public Interest Litigation

- a. Meaning and object

- b. Locus Standy
- c. Merits and demerits of Public Interest Lawyering
- d. Public Interest Litigation and Writ Jurisdiction
- e. Social Revolution Through P.I.L. with Cases

UNIT – II Legal – Aid and Legal Literacy Programme

- a. Meaning, Object and Importance
- b. Constitutional Provisions
- c. Legal Services Authorities Act, 1987
- d. Legal – Aid and Legal Profession

UNIT – III Lokadalat

- a. Meaning of LokAdalat
- b. Organisation of LokAdalat
- c. Permanent LokAdalat
- d. Compostion of LokAdalat
- e. Functioning of LokAdalats

UNIT – IV - Loknayalaya And Gram Nyayalaya

- a. Meaning, Objects and Importance
- b. Features of the Gram Nayalaya Act, 2008
- c. Jurisdiction of Gram Nyayalaya
- d. Appellate Provisions
- e. Mobile Court

Books Recommended

- 1) Public Interest Lawyering, Legal-Aid and Para Legal Services by Prof. KailashRai
- 2) Public Interest Litigation by J. Gulab Gupta
- 3) Legal – Aid to the poor by S.S.Sharma.

Paper- 56

Fundamentals of Cyber Laws

UNIT I - Cyber Laws In India

- a) Introduction and need of cyber law
- b) Cyber Law and Cyber Crimes
- c) Salient features of Information Technology Act, 2000 and constitutional perspective
- d) Fundamental Concepts- Access, Computer, Cyber Security, Data, Network, IP Address

UNIT II - Offences And Penalties Under I T Act, 2000

- a) Penalties and Compensation for damage to computer and computer system S. 43, Failure to protect Data 43 A
- b) Other offences and Punishments S 65 to S 74
- c) Abetment and attempt of offences
- d) Power to Investigate

UNIT III - E- Commerce & Intellectual Property Issues

- a) Electronic/Digital Signature, Certifying Authority
- b) Electronic Contracts
- c) Copyright and Trademark Issue
- d) Computer Software License

UNIT IV - Cyber Appellate Tribunal & Other Provisions Under It Act

- a) Establishment and Composition of tribunal
- b) Procedure and Power of Tribunal
- c) Powers to Enter and search by police or other officer
- d) Cyber Crime and Cyber Forensic
- e) Other related Rules and relevant case laws

Books Recommended:

1. Vakul Sharma: (Fifth Edition) Information Technology Laws and Practice, Universal Publication
2. Pavan Duggal: Textbook on Cyber Law, Universal Publication
3. Anirudh Rastogi: Cyber Law- Law of Information Technology and Internet, Lexis Nexis
4. Aparna Vishwanathan: Cyber Law – Indian and International Perspective, Lexis Nexis
5. Justice Yatindra Singh: Cyber Laws, Universal Publication
6. M.P. Jain: Indian Constitutional Law, Universal Publication
7. Information Technology Act, 2000

10th SEMESTER

Paper- 57

ALTERNATIVE DISPUTE RESOLUTION

Unit-I: Concept of ADR

- a. Meaning, Nature and Genesis of Alternative Dispute Resolution

- b. Forms of ADR Mechanism
- c. Legal Framework: Legal Services Authorities Act, 1987
- d. Legal Aid

Unit-II: Negotiation and Mediation

- a. Negotiation
- b. Theories, Development and its types
- c. Qualities of Negotiator and Process for Negotiation
- d. International Negotiation
- e. Mediation
- f. Good Offices

Unit-III: Arbitration and Conciliation

- a. Arbitration Agreement, Essentials, Rule of Severability
- b. Composition of Arbitral Tribunal, Extent of Judicial Intervention, Interim Measures, Power of Court to refer Parties to Arbitration
- c. Jurisdiction of Arbitral Tribunal, Competence of Arbitral Tribunal, Conduct of Arbitral Proceedings, Place of Arbitration
- d. Arbitral Award, Termination, Enforcement
- e. Conciliation and its Mechanism

UNIT-IV: International Perspective

- a. International Commercial Arbitration
- b. New-York and Geneva Convention
- c. UNCITRAL Model Law, Treaties etc.
- d. Enforcement of Foreign Award and Jurisdictional Issues

Recommended Books:

1. A.K. Dubey, *Law of Arbitration and Conciliation & Alternative Dispute Resolution* (Central Law Publications, Allahabad, Ed. 2016)
2. Avtar Singh, *Law of Arbitration and Conciliation & Alternative Dispute Resolution Laws* (Publication-Eastern Book Company, Lucknow Ed. 2016)
3. V.N. Pranjape, *Law of Arbitration and Conciliation & Alternative Dispute Resolution Laws* (Publication-Central Law Agency, Allahabad, Ed. 2016)

Paper- 58
PROJECT – II
Dissertation
(100 marks) (75 + 25 Viva)

In this paper the students will be required to write a dissertation (in not more than 125 pages) on any current topic of legal importance as may be decided by the Supervisor / Departmental Committee. Each student will have to work under the supervision of respective supervisors.

Evaluation Pattern:

The Head of the Department will propose a panel of examiners to the Controller of Examination for evaluation of the dissertation and for conducting the viva-voce. The examiners approved by the university will evaluate dissertation in consultation with the supervisor followed by a viva-voce to be conducted by a Board consisting of:

- (a) The Convenor, who shall be a faculty member of the University's Law Department;
- (b) An external examiner; and
- (c) The Project in Charge of the Department / college concerned.

Paper- 59
DRAFTING, PLEADING AND CONVEYANCE

Outline of the Course:

1. Drafting: General Principles of Drafting and relevant substantive Rules shall be taught.
2. Pleadings:
 - (i) **Civil:** Complaint, Written Statement, Interlocutory Application, Original Petition, Affidavit, Execution Petition, Memorandum of Appeal and Revision, Petition under Article 226 and 32 of the Constitution of India.
 - (ii) **Criminal:** Complaint, Criminal Miscellaneous Petition, Bail Application, Memorandum of Appeal and Revision.
 - (iii) **Conveyance:** Sale deed, Mortgage deed, Lease deed, Gift deed, Promissory Note, Power of Attorney, Will, Trust Deed.
 - (iv) **Drafting of Writ Petition and PIL Petition.**

The Course will be taught with class instructions and simulation exercises, preferably with assistance of practicing lawyers/retired judges.

Apart from teaching the relevant provisions of law, the course may include not less than 15 practical exercises in drafting carrying a total of 45 marks (3marks for each) and 15 exercises in conveyance carrying another 45 marks (3 marks for each exercise). Remaining 10 marks will be given for viva-voce.

Recommended Books:

1. R. D. Srivastava – The Law of Pleading, Drafting and Conveyancing (Publication-Central Law Agency , Allahabad 12th Ed. 2008)
2. S. C. Dixit - Pleading, Drafting and Conveyancing (Publication-Central Law Publications , Allahabad Ed. 2012)
3. S.P. Agrawal – Pleadings (Publication- Lexis Nexis, New Delhi Ed. 2010)

Paper- 60

International Refugee Law

Unit – I: Introduction

- a. Position of refugees under Universal Declaration of Human Rights

Unit – II: Rights, obligations and privileges of refugees under the Refugee Convention 1951

- a. Who is a refugee?
- b. Judicial Status
- c. Administrative Measures
- d. The 1967 Protocol

Unit – III: The Refugee problem in Asia and Africa

- a. The AALCC Principles 1966
- b. The OAU convention 1969

Unit – IV: Implementation & Monitoring

- a. Statute of the UNHCR 1950
- b. Cartagena Declaration 1984

Text books:

1. Guy S. Goodwin – The Refugee in International Law (Oxford, 2000)
2. A. Vibeke Eggli, Mass Refugee Influx and the Limits of Public International Law (The Hague: Nijhoff, 2002)

Paper- 61

Socio-Economic Offences

Unit – I: Hoarding and Profiteering

- a. Laws relating to maintenance of essential supplies
- b. Laws on maintenance of standards of weights and measures

Unit – II: Adultration

- a. Prevention of food adultration
- b. Control of Spurious Drugs

Unit – III: Corruption

- a. Practice and Dimensions of corruption
- b. Anti Corruption Laws

Unit – IV: Investigation and Prosecution

- a. Central Vigilance Commission (CVC)
- b. Central Bureau of Investigation (CBI)
- c. Criminal Investigation Department (CID)
- d. Other organizations

Text books:

- 1. Prevention of Corruption Act, 1988
- 2. Central Vigilance Commission Act, 2003
- 3. Essential Commodities Act, 1955
- 4. Prevention of Black Marketing and Maintenance of Supplies of Essential Commodities Act, 1980
- 5. Drugs and Cosmetics Act, 1940
- 6. Standards of Weight and Measures Act, 1976
- 7. Bureau of Indian Standards, 1986

Paper- 62

Law of International Organizations

Unit – I : Introduction

- a. IPU
- b. League of Nations
- c. ILO

Unit – II: Legal Personality

- a. The Reparations case (ICJ Report 1949)

Unit – III: Relations with States

- a. Members
- b. Non-members
- c. Municipal Law

Unit – IV: Law – Making and Enforcement

- a. UN
- b. WTO
- c. EU

Text books:

1. Bowett's Law of International Institutions (2001)
2. A.O. Kruger, WTO as an International Organizations (2000)
3. J. Steiner, Textbook on EEC Law (London, 2003)
4. T.A. Hartley, European Community Law

Paper- 63

Legal Writing

UNIT I –

- a. Affidavit
- b. Promissory Note
- c. Adjournment Petition
- d. F. I. R.

UNIT II –

- a. Simple Business Letter
- b. Application for Bail
- c. Money Receipts
- d. Judgment Writing

UNIT III –

- a. Searching Report (Model form)
- b. Commission Report (Model form)
- c. Complaint (Model form)
- d. Transfer Petition (Model form)

UNIT IV –

- a. Petition under Section-205 CrPC
- b. Amendment petition (Model form)

- c. General Power of Attorney (Model form)
- d. Special Power of Attorney (Model form)

Paper- 64

Health Law

UNIT I –

- a. Right to Health as emergent from Constitution Parts III & IV
- b. National Health Policy
- c. Industrial Accidents (e.g. Bhopal Gas Tragedy) –Rail, Air, Eco disaster (Duties of Carriers as well)
- d. Legal organization of public hospitals

UNIT II–

- a. Medical Negligence
- b. Amniocentesis
- c. Public Service Related situations-Negligence of Private doctors in eye camps etc
- d. Disposal and surgical waste –Liability of public and private health care units

UNIT III–

- a. Doctor-patient relationship
- b. Contracts involving warranty and guaranty
- c. Doctors guaranty to a particular result

UNIT IV–

- a. Medico-Legal cases and duties of hospitals
- b. Mental Health care in Public hospitals : duties and liabilities
- c. Rural Health Care – National Health Mission